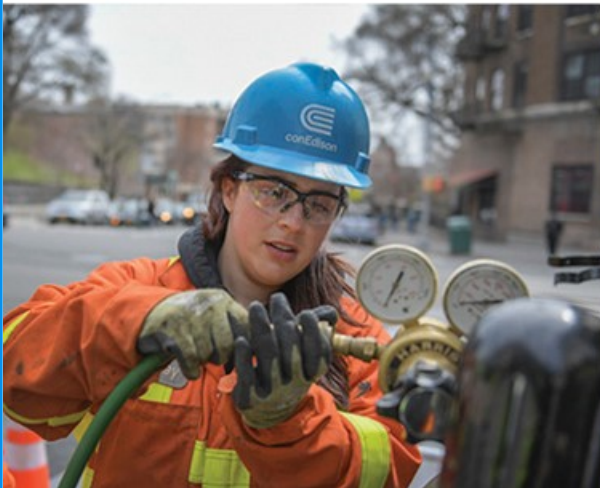


Consolidated Edison, Inc.

2019 Earnings Release Presentation

February 20, 2020



Available Information

On February 20, 2020, Consolidated Edison, Inc. issued a press release reporting its 2019 earnings and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission the company's 2019 Form 10-K. This presentation should be read together with, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, the earnings press release and the Form 10-K. Copies of the earnings press release and the Form 10-K are available at: www.conedison.com. (Select "For Investors" and then select "Press Releases" and "SEC Filings," respectively.)

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements that are intended to qualify for the safe-harbor provisions of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Forward-looking statements are statements of future expectations and not facts. Words such as "forecasts," "expects," "estimates," "anticipates," "intends," "believes," "plans," "will" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements reflect information available and assumptions at the time the statements are made, and speak only as of that time. Actual results or developments may differ materially from those included in the forward-looking statements because of various factors such as those identified in reports the company has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including that the company's subsidiaries are extensively regulated and are subject to penalties; its utility subsidiaries' rate plans may not provide a reasonable return; it may be adversely affected by changes to the utility subsidiaries' rate plans; the failure of processes and systems and the performance of employees and contractors could adversely affect it; the failure of, or damage to, its subsidiaries' facilities could adversely affect it; a cyber-attack could adversely affect it; it is exposed to risks from the environmental consequences of its subsidiaries' operations, including increased costs related to climate change; a disruption in the wholesale energy markets or failure by an energy supplier or customer could adversely affect it; it has substantial unfunded pension and other postretirement benefit liabilities; its ability to pay dividends or interest depends on dividends from its subsidiaries; it requires access to capital markets to satisfy funding requirements; changes to tax laws could adversely affect it; its strategies may not be effective to address changes in the external business environment; and it also faces other risks that are beyond its control. Con Edison assumes no obligation to update forward-looking statements.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation also contains financial measures, adjusted earnings and, for the Clean Energy Businesses (CEBs), adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (adjusted EBITDA), that are not determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP). These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered as an alternative to net income for common stock, which is an indicator of financial performance determined in accordance with GAAP. Adjusted earnings excludes from net income for common stock certain items that the company does not consider indicative of its ongoing financial performance such as the effects of the CEBs' HLBV accounting for tax equity investors in certain renewable electric production projects and mark-to-market accounting. Adjusted EBITDA for the CEBs refers to the CEBs' net income for common stock, excluding the effects of HLBV and mark-to-market accounting, before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization plus the pre-tax equivalent of production tax credits. Management uses adjusted earnings to facilitate the analysis of the company's financial performance as compared to its internal budgets and previous financial results and to communicate to investors and others the company's expectations regarding its future earnings and dividends on its common stock. Management uses the CEBs' adjusted EBITDA to evaluate the performance of the CEBs. Management believes that these non-GAAP financial measures are also useful and meaningful to investors to facilitate their analysis of the financial performance of the company and the CEBs.

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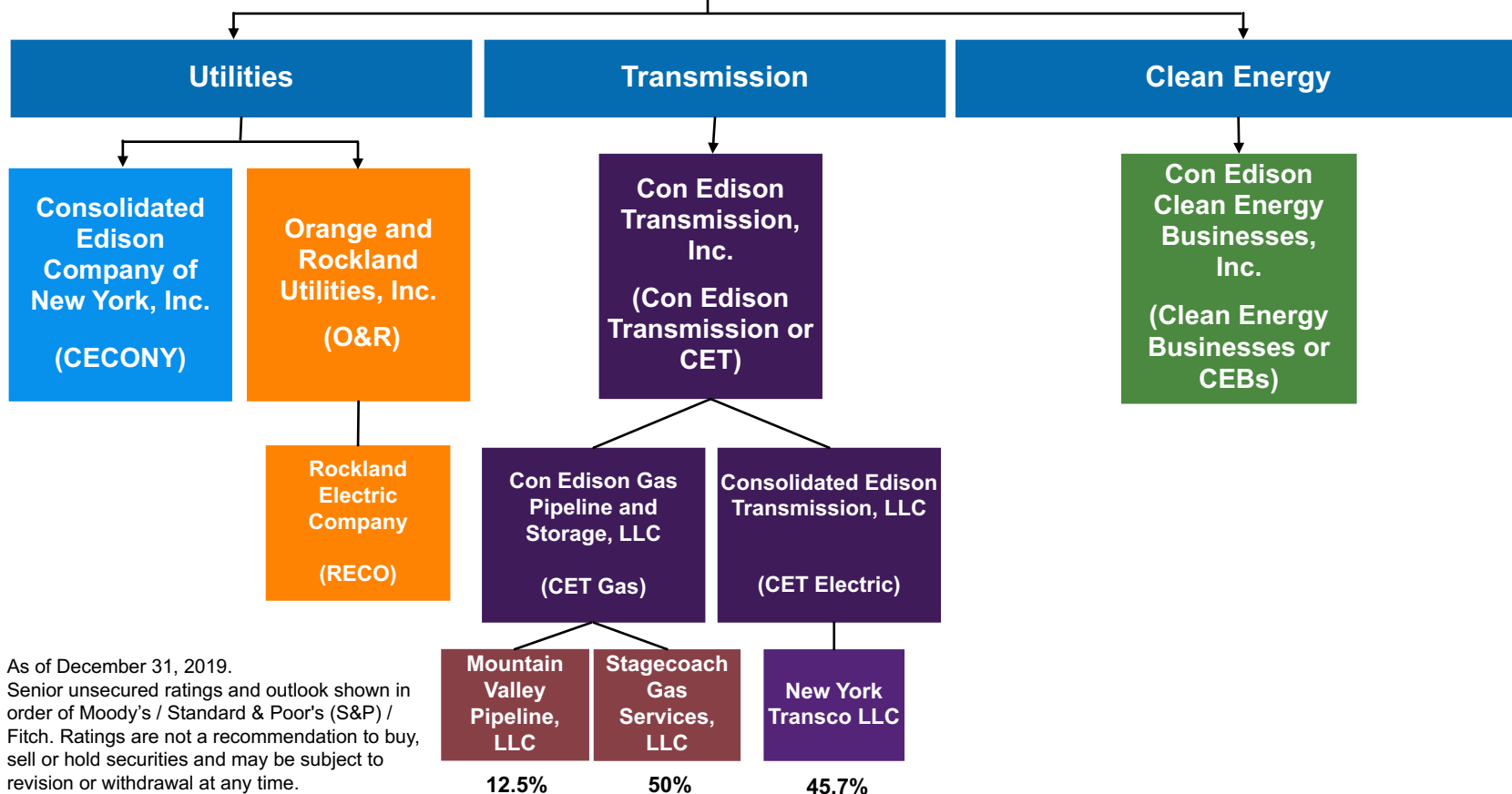
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Organizational Structure



Market Cap ^(a) :	\$30.1 billion
Ratings ^(b) :	Baa1 / BBB+ / BBB+
Outlook ^(b) :	Negative / Stable / Stable



a. As of December 31, 2019.
 b. Senior unsecured ratings and outlook shown in order of Moody's / Standard & Poor's (S&P) / Fitch. Ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time.

The Con Edison Plan

Customer Focused

Provide safe and reliable service

Enhance the customer experience

Achieve operational excellence and cost optimization

Strategic

Strengthen core utility delivery business

Pursue additional regulated growth opportunities to add value in the evolving industry

Grow existing clean energy businesses and pursue additional clean energy growth opportunities consistent with our risk appetite

Value Oriented

Provide steady, predictable earnings

Maintain balance sheet stability

Pay attractive, growing dividends

CECONY has long-range plans to achieve its strategic priorities of public and employee safety, operational excellence, and an enhanced customer experience. The company's 20-year plans for its electric and gas business are designed to help the company navigate today's challenges while preparing for changes in the energy landscape. The plans are available on our website at the following links:

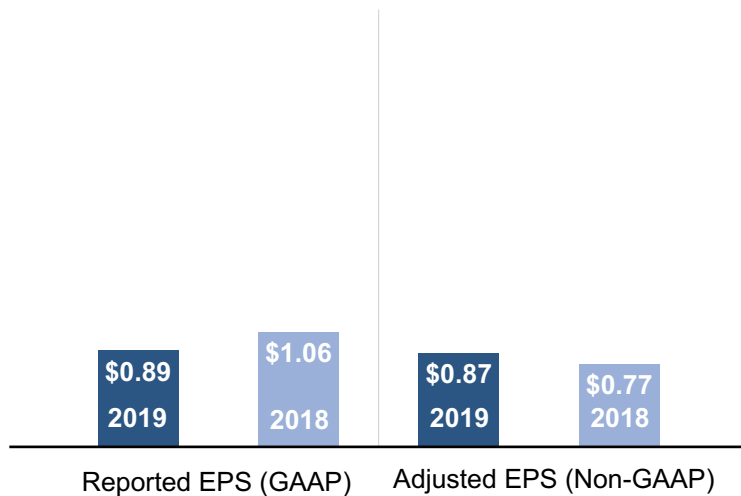
<https://www.coned.com/-/media/files/coned/documents/our-energy-future/our-energy-projects/electric-long-range-plan.pdf>

<https://www.coned.com/-/media/files/coned/documents/our-energy-future/our-energy-projects/gas-long-range-plan.pdf>

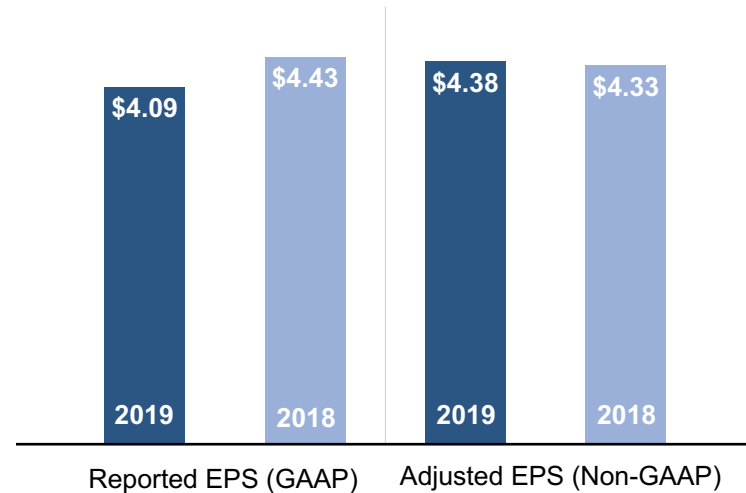
Dividend and Earnings Announcements

- On January 16, 2020, the company issued a press release reporting that the company had declared a quarterly dividend of 76.5 cents a share on its common stock -- an annualized increase of 10 cents over the previous annualized dividend of \$2.96 a share and its 46th consecutive annual increase.
- On February 20, 2020, the company issued a press release forecasting its adjusted earnings per share for the year 2020 to be in the range of \$4.30 to \$4.50 a share^(a). The company is also forecasting a five-year compounded annual adjusted earnings per share (EPS) growth rate of 3% to 5% based off 2020 adjusted earnings per share guidance.

4Q 2019 vs. 4Q 2018



2019 vs. 2018



a. Adjusted earnings per share exclude the effects of hypothetical liquidation at book value (HLBV) accounting for tax equity investments in certain of the Clean Energy Businesses' renewable electric production projects (approximately \$(0.19) a share). Adjusted earnings per share also exclude the Clean Energy Businesses' net mark-to-market effects, the amount of which will not be determinable until year end.

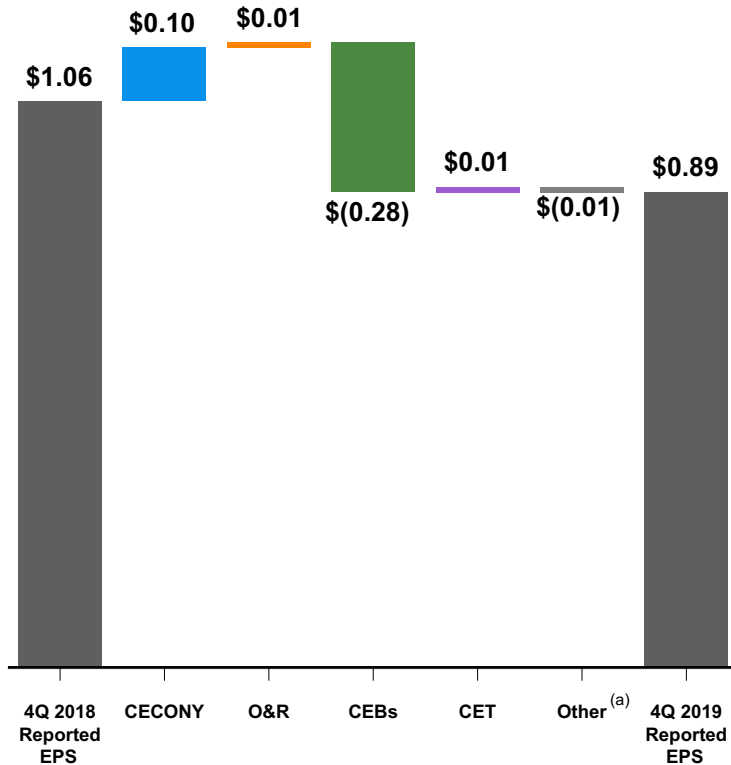
4Q 2019 Earnings

	Earnings per Share		Net Income for Common Stock (\$ in Millions)	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Reported Net Income for Common Stock and EPS – GAAP basis	\$0.89	\$1.06	\$295	\$331
HLBV effects of the Clean Energy Businesses (pre-tax)	0.06	—	19	—
Income taxes (a)	(0.02)	—	(5)	—
HLBV effects of the Clean Energy Businesses (net of tax)	0.04	—	14	—
Net mark-to-market effects of the Clean Energy Businesses (pre-tax)	(0.08)	0.01	(28)	2
Income taxes (b)	0.02	—	7	1
Net mark-to-market effects of the Clean Energy Businesses (net of tax)	(0.06)	0.01	(21)	3
Gain on acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC, net of transaction costs (pre-tax)	—	(0.42)	—	(126)
Income taxes (b)	—	0.12	—	35
Gain on acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC, net of transaction costs (net of tax)	—	(0.30)	—	(91)
Adjusted Earnings and Adjusted EPS – non-GAAP basis	\$0.87	\$0.77	\$288	\$243

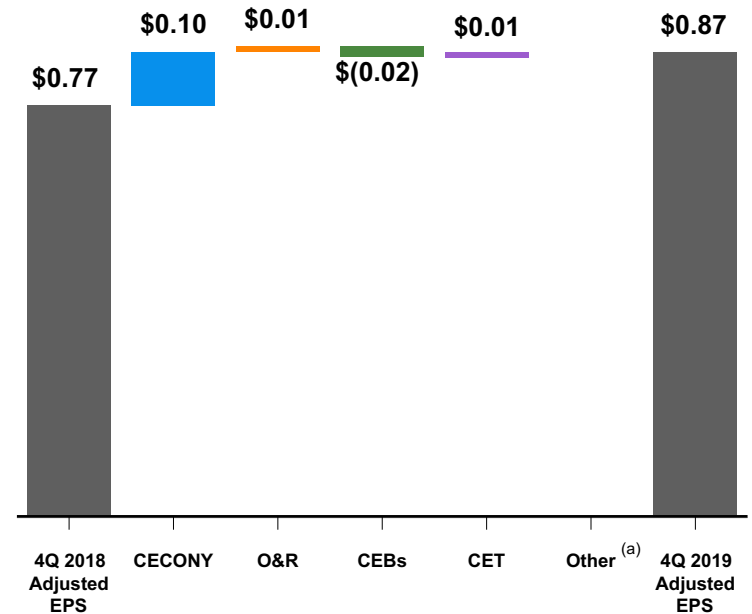
- a. The amount of income taxes was calculated using a combined federal and state income tax rate of 26% for the three months ended December 31, 2019.
- b. The amount of income taxes was calculated using a combined federal and state income tax rate of 25% for the three months ended December 31, 2019 and a combined federal and state income tax rate of 28% for the three months ended December 31, 2018.

Walk from 4Q 2018 EPS to 4Q 2019 EPS

Variance in Reported EPS (GAAP)



Variance in Adjusted EPS (Non-GAAP)



a. Includes parent company and consolidation adjustments.

4Q 2019 vs. 4Q 2018 EPS Variances – Three Months Ended Variation

CECONY^(a)

Changes in rate plans	\$ 0.19	Reflects higher electric and gas net base revenues of \$0.11 a share and \$0.04 a share, respectively, due primarily to electric and gas base rate increases in January 2019 under the company's rate plans, and higher incentives earned under the electric earnings adjustment mechanisms and positive incentives of \$0.07 a share, offset, in part, by electric negative revenue adjustments of \$(0.02) a share.
Weather impact on steam revenues	(0.01)	Reflects the impact of warmer winter weather in 2019.
Operations and maintenance expenses	0.05	Reflects timing of compensation cost of \$0.02 a share, lower consultant cost of \$0.01 a share, lower software maintenance and licenses cost of \$0.01 a share, and lower uncollectibles of \$0.01 a share.
Depreciation, property taxes and other tax matters	(0.16)	Reflects higher property taxes of \$(0.07) a share and higher depreciation and amortization expense of \$(0.06) a share, both of which are recoverable under the rate plans, and the absence of New York State sales and use tax refunds received in 2018 of \$(0.03) a share.
Other	0.03	Reflects primarily lower costs associated with components of pension and other postretirement benefits other than service cost of \$0.05 a share and the Company's share of a gain on sale of property of \$0.02 a share, offset, in part, by the dilutive effect of Con Edison's stock issuances of \$(0.05) a share.

Total CECONY \$ 0.10

O&R^(a)

Changes in rate plans	0.04	Reflects electric and gas base rate increases of \$0.01 a share and \$0.03 a share, respectively, under the company's rate plans, effective January 1, 2019.
Operations and maintenance expenses	(0.03)	Reflects higher energy efficiency program cost of \$(0.01) a share and higher low-income program cost of \$(0.01) a share, both of which are recoverable under the rate plans, and lower recoveries for workers' compensation of \$(0.01) a share.

Total O&R \$ 0.01

Clean Energy Businesses

Operating revenues less energy costs	0.10	Reflects higher revenues from renewable electric production projects resulting from the December 2018 acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC, including the consolidation of certain jointly-owned projects that were previously accounted for as equity investments of \$0.13 a share, offset, in part, by lower energy services revenues of \$(0.03) a share.
Operations and maintenance expenses	0.01	Reflects primarily lower energy services costs.
Depreciation and amortization	(0.07)	Reflects an increase in renewable electric production projects resulting from the December 2018 acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC.
Net interest expense	0.02	Reflects unrealized gains on interest rate swaps of \$0.07 a share, offset, in part, by an increase in debt resulting from the December 2018 acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC of \$(0.05) a share.
HLBV effects	(0.04)	
Gain on acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC, net of transaction costs in 2018	(0.29)	
Other	(0.01)	Reflects the absence in 2019 of equity income from certain jointly-owned projects that were accounted for as equity investments in 2018 but consolidated after the December 2018 acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC.

Total CEBs \$ (0.28)

Con Edison Transmission

Total CET \$ 0.01 Reflects higher allowance for funds used during construction from the Mountain Valley Pipeline project.

Other

Parent company and consolidation adjustments **\$ (0.01)** Reflects 2018 transaction costs related to the acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC.

Reported EPS (GAAP)	\$ (0.17)	
HLBV effects of the Clean Energy Businesses	0.04	
Net mark-to-market effects of the Clean Energy Businesses	(0.07)	
Gain on acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC, net of transaction costs in 2018	0.30	

Adjusted EPS (non-GAAP) \$ 0.10

a. Under the revenue decoupling mechanisms in the Utilities' New York electric and gas rate plans and the weather-normalization clause applicable to their gas businesses, revenues are generally not affected by changes in delivery volumes from levels assumed when rates were approved. In general, the Utilities recover on a current basis the fuel, gas purchased for resale and purchased power costs they incur in supplying energy to their full-service customers. Accordingly, such costs do not generally affect Con Edison's results of operations.

4Q 2019 vs. 4Q 2018 EPS Reconciliation by Company

Three Months Ended December 31, 2019

	CECONY	O&R	CEBs	CET	Other ^(c)	Total
Reported EPS – GAAP basis	\$0.82	\$0.03	\$—	\$0.05	\$(0.01)	\$0.89
HLBV effects of the Clean Energy Businesses (pre-tax)	—	—	0.06	—	—	0.06
Income taxes (a)	—	—	(0.02)	—	—	(0.02)
HLBV effects of the Clean Energy Businesses (net of tax)	—	—	0.04	—	—	0.04
Net mark-to-market gains (pre-tax)	—	—	(0.08)	—	—	(0.08)
Income taxes (b)	—	—	0.02	—	—	0.02
Net mark-to-market gains (net of tax)	—	—	(0.06)	—	—	(0.06)
Adjusted EPS – Non-GAAP basis	\$0.82	\$0.03	\$(0.02)	\$0.05	\$(0.01)	\$0.87

Three Months Ended December 31, 2018

	CECONY	O&R	CEBs	CET	Other ^(c)	Total
Reported EPS – GAAP basis	\$0.72	\$0.02	\$0.28	\$0.04	\$—	\$1.06
Gain on acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC, net of transaction costs (pre-tax)	—	—	(0.41)	—	(0.01)	(0.42)
Income taxes (b)	—	—	0.12	—	—	0.12
Gain on acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC, net of transaction costs (net of tax)	—	—	(0.29)	—	(0.01)	(0.30)
Net mark-to-market losses (pre-tax)	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01
Income taxes (b)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net mark-to-market losses (net of tax)	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01
Adjusted EPS – Non-GAAP basis	\$0.72	\$0.02	\$—	\$0.04	\$(0.01)	\$0.77

- a. The amount of income taxes was calculated using a combined federal and state income tax rate of 26% for the three months ended December 31, 2019.
- b. The amount of income taxes was calculated using a combined federal and state income tax rate of 25% for the three months ended December 31, 2019 and a combined federal and state income tax rate of 28% for the three months ended December 31, 2018.
- c. Includes parent company and consolidation adjustments.

4Q 2019 Developments^(a)

CECONY & O&R

- In January 2020, the New York State Public Service Commission (NYSPSC) approved an October 2019 Joint Proposal for CECONY electric and gas rate plans for the three-year period January 2020 through December 2022 reflecting an 8.8 percent return on common equity and a common equity ratio of 48 percent. (pages 9, 121-125)
- In January 2020, the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities (NJBPUB) approved an electric rate increase, effective February 1, 2020, of \$12 million for RECO reflecting, among other things, a 9.5 percent return on common equity and a common equity ratio of 48.32 percent. (page 131)
- In March 2019, the NYSPSC ordered CECONY to show cause why the NYSPSC should not commence a penalty action and prudence proceeding against CECONY for alleged violations of gas operator qualification, performance, and inspection requirements. At December 31, 2019, the company had accrued a \$10 million liability related to this matter. (page 132)
- The Utilities' current five-year forecasts for 2020-2024 of average annual change in the peak demand in their service areas at design conditions (pages 9, 22, 24-28):

	Electric	Gas	Steam
CECONY	(0.1) percent	1.5 percent	(0.4) percent
O&R	(0.2) percent	0.7 percent	

- The aggregate capacities of the distributed generation projects connected to the CECONY and O&R distribution systems at December 31, 2019 were 490 MW and 148 MW, respectively. The 2020 electric peak forecasts for CECONY and O&R are 13,220 MW and 1,555 MW, respectively. (pages 20, 22, 27)

a. Page references to 2019 Form 10-K.

4Q 2019 Developments (*cont'd*)^(a)

CECONY & O&R

- In January 2020, the NYSPSC issued an order directing energy efficiency targets and budgets for New York utilities. The order approved \$2,000 million statewide for electric and gas energy efficiency programs and heat pump budgets, and associated targets, for the years 2021 through 2025 to meet the NYSPSC's goal of reducing electric use by 3 percent and gas use by 1.3 percent annually by 2025. The order authorized budgets for the years 2021 through 2025 for: electric energy efficiency programs of \$593 million and \$13 million for CECONY and O&R, respectively; gas energy efficiency programs of \$235 million and \$12 million for CECONY and O&R, respectively; and heat pump programs of \$227 million and \$15 million for CECONY and O&R, respectively. (page 36)
- In December 2019, CECONY completed a study of climate change vulnerability. The study evaluated present-day infrastructure, design specifications and procedures under a range of potential climate futures. The study identified sea level rise, coastal storm surge, inland flooding from intense rainfall, hurricane-strength winds and extreme heat to be the company's most significant climate-driven risks to its electric, gas and steam systems. The study estimates that the company might need to invest between \$1,800 million and \$5,200 million by 2050 on targeted programs to adapt to potential impacts from climate change. The company will further evaluate its future climate change adaptation strategies and associated costs to develop a climate change implementation plan by the end of 2020. (page 36)
- Con Edison's more than 50 percent decrease in direct GHG emissions (carbon dioxide, methane and sulfur hexafluoride) from the 2005 baseline (6.0 million metric tons) reflects the emission reductions resulting from equipment and repair projects, reduced steam demand, the increased use of natural gas in lieu of fuel oil at CECONY's steam production facilities as well as projects to reduce sulfur hexafluoride emissions and to replace gas distribution pipes. (page 36)

a. Page references to 2019 Form 10-K.

4Q 2019 Developments (cont'd)^(a)

Clean Energy Businesses

- The Clean Energy Businesses have 3,045 MW (AC) of utility-scale renewable energy production projects in service (2,628 MW) or in construction (417 MW) and 56 MW (AC) of behind-the-meter renewable energy production projects in service (54 MW) or in construction (2 MW). (page 29)
- 5,506 million of kWh of electricity was generated from solar projects and 1,333 million of kWh generated from wind projects for the year ending December 31, 2019. (page 30)
- Regarding the Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E) bankruptcy, at December 31, 2019, Con Edison's consolidated balance sheet included \$819 million of net non-utility plant relating to the PG&E Projects, \$1,057 million of intangible assets relating to the PG&E PPAs, \$282 million of net non-utility plant of additional projects that secure the related project debt, and \$1,001 million of non-recourse related project debt. The PG&E bankruptcy is an event of default under the PG&E PPAs. Pursuant to the related project debt agreements, distributions from the related projects to the Clean Energy Businesses have been suspended. Unless the lenders for the related project debt otherwise agree, the lenders may, upon written notice, declare principal and interest on the related project debt to be due and payable immediately and, if such amounts are not timely paid, foreclose on the related projects. (pages 9, 115-116)

Con Edison Transmission

- In October 2019, the operator of the Mountain Valley pipeline, which is being constructed by a joint venture in which CET Gas has a 12.5 percent ownership interest, indicated that it expects a late 2020 full in-service date for the project at an overall project cost of \$5,300 million to \$5,500 million, excluding allowance for funds used during construction. CET Gas, as it was permitted to do under the joint venture agreement, has limited its cash contributions to the joint venture to approximately \$530 million and, as a result, expects that its ownership interest in the joint venture will be reduced from 12.5 percent to approximately 10 percent based on the current project cost estimate. At December 31, 2019, CET Gas' cash contributions to the joint venture amounted to \$530 million. (page 31, 170)

a. Page references to 2019 Form 10-K.

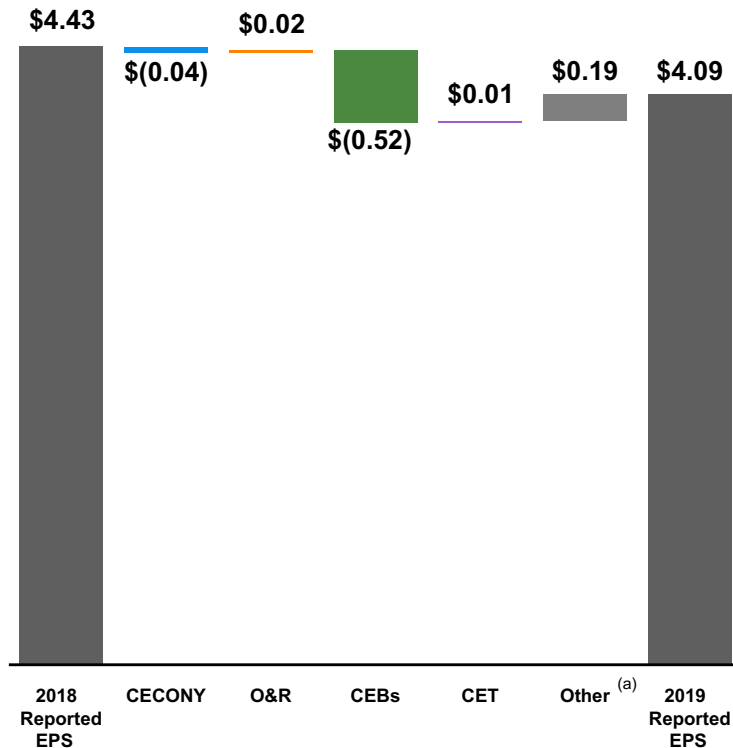
2019 Earnings

	Earnings per Share		Net Income for Common Stock (\$ in Millions)	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Reported Net Income for Common Stock and EPS – GAAP basis	\$4.09	\$4.43	\$1,343	\$1,382
HLBV effects of the Clean Energy Businesses (pre-tax)	0.31	—	98	—
Income taxes (a)	(0.09)	—	(24)	—
HLBV effects of the Clean Energy Businesses (net of tax)	0.22	—	74	—
Net mark-to-market effects of the Clean Energy Businesses (pre-tax)	0.10	0.03	27	8
Income taxes (b)	(0.03)	(0.01)	(6)	(2)
Net mark-to-market effects of the Clean Energy Businesses (net of tax)	0.07	0.02	21	6
Income tax effect of the TCJA	—	0.14	—	42
Gain on acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC, net of transaction costs (pre-tax)	—	(0.36)	—	(114)
Income taxes (b)	—	0.10	—	33
Gain on acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC, net of transaction costs (net of tax)	—	(0.26)	—	(81)
Adjusted Earnings and Adjusted EPS – non-GAAP basis	\$4.38	\$4.33	\$1,438	\$1,349

- a. The amount of income taxes was calculated using a combined federal and state income tax rate of 24% for the year ended December 31, 2019.
- b. The amount of income taxes was calculated using a combined federal and state income tax rate of 22% for the year ended December 31, 2019 and a combined federal and state income tax rate of 28% for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Walk from 2018 EPS to 2019 EPS

Variance in Reported EPS (GAAP)



Variance in Adjusted EPS (Non-GAAP)



a. Includes parent company and consolidation adjustments.

2019 vs. 2018 EPS Variances – Year Ended Variation

CECONY^(a)

Changes in rate plans	\$ 0.76	Reflects higher electric and gas net base revenues of \$0.53 a share and \$0.16 a share, respectively, due primarily to electric and gas base rate increases in January 2019 under the company's rate plans, higher incentives earned under the electric earnings adjustment mechanisms and positive incentives of \$0.06 a share, and growth in the number of gas customers of \$0.03 a share, offset, in part, by electric negative revenue adjustments of \$(0.03) a share.
Weather impact on steam revenues	(0.06)	Reflects the impact of warmer winter weather in 2019.
Operations and maintenance expenses	(0.19)	Reflects higher costs for pension and other postretirement benefits of \$(0.15) a share, which are recoverable under the rate plans, and higher stock-based compensation of \$(0.07) a share, offset, in part, by lower consultant costs of \$0.04 a share.
Depreciation, property taxes and other tax matters	(0.54)	Reflects higher property taxes of \$(0.26) a share and higher depreciation and amortization expense of \$(0.23) a share, both of which are recoverable under the rate plans, and the absence of New York State sales and use tax refunds received in 2018 of \$(0.07) a share, offset, in part, by lower sales and use tax of \$0.02 a share, upon conclusion of the audit assessment.
Other	(0.01)	Reflects the dilutive effect of Con Edison's stock issuances of \$(0.21) a share, offset, in part, by lower costs associated with components of pension and other postretirement benefits other than service cost of \$0.19 a share.
Total CECONY	\$ (0.04)	

O&R^(a)

Changes in rate plans	0.08	Reflects an electric base rate increase, offset, in part, by a gas base rate decrease under the company's rate plans, effective January 1, 2019.
Operations and maintenance expenses	(0.01)	Reflects higher stock-based compensation.
Depreciation, property taxes and other tax matters	(0.02)	Reflects higher depreciation and amortization expense.
Other	(0.03)	Includes the dilutive effect of Con Edison's stock issuances of \$(0.01) a share.
Total O&R	\$ 0.02	

Clean Energy Businesses

Operating revenues less energy costs	0.53	Reflects higher revenues from renewable electric production projects resulting from the December 2018 acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC, including the consolidation of certain jointly-owned projects that were previously accounted for as equity investments of \$0.81 a share, offset, in part, by lower engineering, procurement and construction services revenues of \$(0.34) a share.
Operations and maintenance expenses	0.15	Reflects lower engineering, procurement and construction costs of \$0.19 a share and lower energy services costs of \$0.04 a share, offset, in part, by higher costs associated with additional renewable electric production projects in operation resulting from the December 2018 acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC. of \$(0.06) a share.
Depreciation and amortization	(0.34)	Reflects an increase in renewable electric production projects resulting from the December 2018 acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC.
Net interest expense	(0.29)	Reflects an increase in debt resulting from the December 2018 acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC.
HLBV effects	(0.22)	
Gain on acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC, net of transaction costs in 2018	(0.28)	
Other	(0.07)	Reflects the absence in 2019 of equity income from certain jointly-owned projects that were accounted for as equity investments in 2018 but consolidated after the December 2018 acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC.
Total Clean Energy Businesses	\$ (0.52)	

Con Edison Transmission

Total CET	\$ 0.01	Reflects higher allowance for funds used during construction from the Mountain Valley Pipeline project.
Other	\$ 0.19	Reflects lower New York State capital tax of \$0.02 a share. Also reflects 2018 TCJA re-measurement of \$0.14 a share and transaction costs related to the acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC of \$0.02 a share.

Reported EPS (GAAP)	\$ (0.34)	
HLBV effects of the Clean Energy Businesses	0.22	
Net mark-to-market effects of the Clean Energy Businesses	0.05	
Income tax effect of the TCJA in 2018	(0.14)	
Gain on acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC, net of transaction costs in 2018	0.26	
Adjusted EPS (non-GAAP)	\$ 0.05	

a. Under the revenue decoupling mechanisms in the Utilities' New York electric and gas rate plans and the weather-normalization clause applicable to their gas businesses, revenues are generally not affected by changes in delivery volumes from levels assumed when rates were approved. In general, the Utilities recover on a current basis the fuel, gas purchased for resale and purchased power costs they incur in supplying energy to their full-service customers. Accordingly, such costs do not generally affect Con Edison's results of operations.

2019 vs. 2018 EPS Reconciliation by Company

Year Ended December 31, 2019

	CECONY	O&R	CEBs	CET	Other ^(c)	Total
Reported EPS – GAAP basis	\$3.80	\$0.21	\$(0.06)	\$0.16	\$(0.02)	\$4.09
HLBV effects of the Clean Energy Businesses (pre-tax)	—	—	0.31	—	—	0.31
Income taxes (a)	—	—	(0.09)	—	—	(0.09)
HLBV effects of the Clean Energy Businesses (net of tax)	—	—	0.22	—	—	0.22
Net mark-to-market losses (pre-tax)	—	—	0.10	—	—	0.10
Income taxes (b)	—	—	(0.03)	—	—	(0.03)
Net mark-to-market losses (net of tax)	—	—	0.07	—	—	0.07
Adjusted EPS – Non-GAAP basis	\$3.80	\$0.21	\$0.23	\$0.16	\$(0.02)	\$4.38

Year Ended December 31, 2018

	CECONY	O&R	CEBs	CET	Other ^(c)	Total
Reported EPS – GAAP basis	\$3.84	\$0.19	\$0.46	\$0.15	\$(0.21)	\$4.43
Income tax effect of the TCJA	—	—	—	—	0.14	0.14
Gain on acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC, net of transaction costs (pre-tax)	—	—	(0.39)	—	0.03	(0.36)
Income taxes (b)	—	—	0.11	—	(0.01)	0.10
Gain on acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC, net of transaction costs (net of tax)	—	—	(0.28)	—	0.02	(0.26)
Net mark-to-market losses (pre-tax)	—	—	0.03	—	—	0.03
Income taxes (b)	—	—	(0.01)	—	—	(0.01)
Net mark-to-market losses (net of tax)	—	—	0.02	—	—	0.02
Adjusted EPS – Non-GAAP basis	\$3.84	\$0.19	\$0.20	\$0.15	\$(0.05)	\$4.33

- a. The amount of income taxes was calculated using a combined federal and state income tax rate of 24% for the year ended December 31, 2019.
- b. The amount of income taxes was calculated using a combined federal and state income tax rate of 22% for the year ended December 31, 2019 and a combined federal and state income tax rate of 28% for the year ended December 31, 2018.
- c. Includes parent company and consolidation adjustments.

Five-Year Reconciliation of Reported EPS (GAAP) to Adjusted EPS (Non-GAAP)

12 Months Ending December 31,

	2015	2016	2017	2018 ^(c)	2019 ^(c)
Reported EPS – GAAP basis	\$4.07	\$4.15	\$4.97	\$4.43	\$4.09
Income tax effect of the TCJA	—	—	(0.85)	0.14	—
HLBV effects of the Clean Energy Businesses (pre-tax)	—	—	—	—	0.31
Income taxes (b)	—	—	—	—	(0.09)
HLBV effects of the Clean Energy Businesses (net of tax)	—	—	—	—	0.22
Gain on acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC, net of transaction costs (pre-tax) (a)	—	—	—	(0.36)	—
Income taxes (b)	—	—	—	0.10	—
Gain on acquisition of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC, net of transaction costs (net of tax)	—	—	—	(0.26)	—
Gain on sale of the CEBs' retail electric supply business (pre-tax)	—	(0.35)	—	—	—
Income taxes (b)	—	0.16	—	—	—
Gain on sale of the CEBs' retail electric supply business (net of tax)	—	(0.19)	—	—	—
Goodwill impairment related to the CEBs' energy services business (pre-tax)	—	0.07	—	—	—
Income taxes (b)	—	(0.03)	—	—	—
Goodwill impairment related to the CEBs' energy services business (net of tax)	—	0.04	—	—	—
Impairment of assets held for sale (pre-tax)	0.02	—	—	—	—
Income taxes (b)	(0.01)	—	—	—	—
Impairment of assets held for sale (net of tax)	0.01	—	—	—	—
Net mark-to-market effects of the CEBs (pre-tax)	—	(0.02)	—	0.03	0.10
Income taxes (b)	—	0.01	—	(0.01)	(0.03)
Net mark-to-market effects of the CEBs (net of tax)	—	(0.01)	—	0.02	0.07
Adjusted EPS – Non-GAAP basis	\$4.08	\$3.99	\$4.12	\$4.33	\$4.38

a. Gain recognized with respect to jointly owned renewable electric production projects on completion of the acquisition.

b. The amount of income taxes was calculated using applicable combined federal and state income tax rates for the year ended December 31, 2019 and the years 2015 – 2018.

c. Federal income tax rate lowered to 21% from 35% upon enactment of the TCJA on December 22, 2017.

Summary of CECONY Electric & Gas Rate Plans

On January 16, 2020, the New York State Public Service Commission (NYSPSC) approved the October 2019 Joint Proposal for CECONY’s electric and gas delivery service rate plans for January 2020 through December 2022

Rate Changes and Capital Expenditures

(\$ millions)	Electric			Gas		
	Case number 19-E-0065			Case number 19-G-0066		
	Rate Change	Average Rate Base	Capital Expenditure	Rate Change*	Average Rate Base	Capital Expenditure
Rate Year 1: 2020	\$113	\$21,660	\$2,135	\$84	\$7,171	\$1,073
Rate Year 2: 2021	370	22,783	2,137	122	7,911	1,055
Rate Year 3: 2022	326	23,926	1,917	167	8,622	989

*The gas base rate increases shown above will be implemented with increases of \$47 million in Year 1; \$176 million in Year 2; and \$170 million in Year 3 in order to levelize customer bill impacts

Return on Equity and Equity Ratio

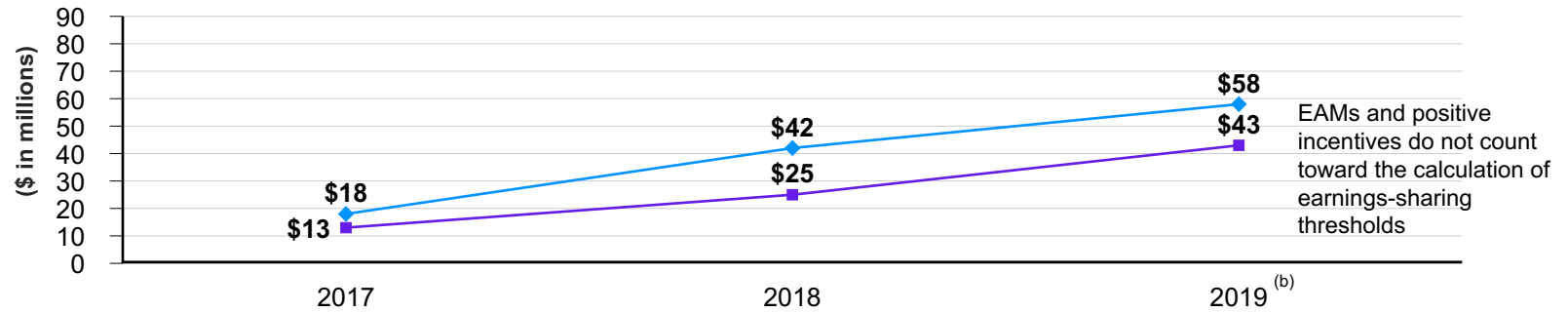
Return on equity.....8.8%

Equity ratio.....48%

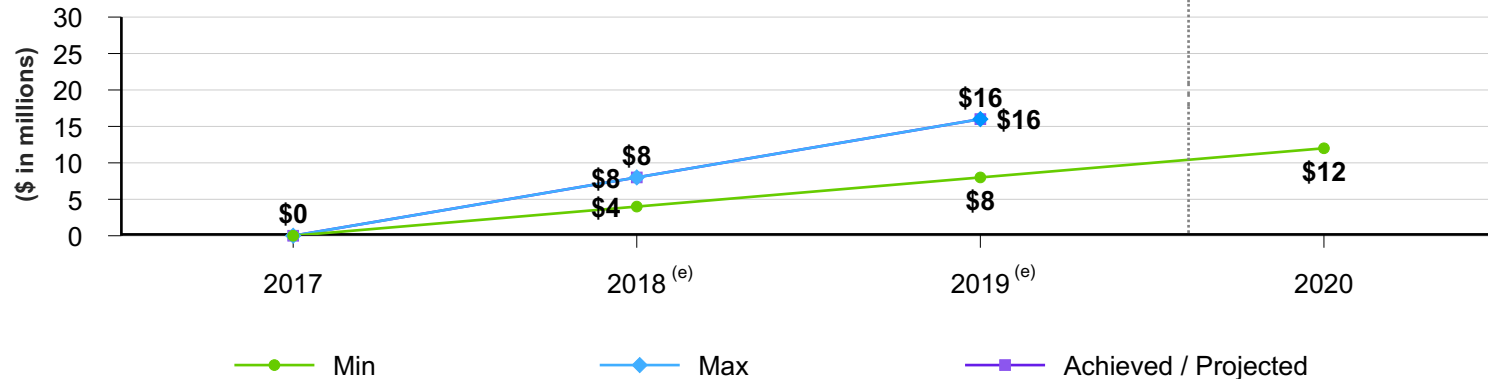
Earnings sharing threshold is 9.3% based on CECONY’s actual average common equity ratio up to 50%

CECONY Earnings Adjustment Mechanisms (EAMs) and Positive Incentives

Earnings Adjustment Mechanisms^(a)



Positive Incentives^{(a) (c) (d)}



- CECONY's electric and gas rate plans expired on December 31, 2019.
- For the three months and year ended December 31, 2019, CECONY recorded earnings adjustment mechanisms of \$39 million and \$43 million, respectively.
- In 2017 and 2018, CECONY achieved positive incentives of \$12 million and \$11 million, respectively, one third of which, pursuant to the accounting rules for alternative revenue recognition of the collection of such incentives under the previous rate plans (GAAP), will be recorded ratably from 2018 to 2020 and also reflected in the minimum and maximum amounts for the related period.
- In 2019, CECONY achieved positive incentives of \$12 million. Pursuant to GAAP, two thirds and one third of the positive incentives achieved in 2019 were recorded in 2019 and will be recorded in 2020, respectively, and also reflected in the positive incentives minimum amount for the 2020 period. For the three months and year ended December 31, 2019, CECONY recorded positive incentives of \$10 million and \$16 million, respectively, which were achieved in years 2017 through 2019.
- Does not reflect electric negative revenue adjustments of \$15 million recorded in 2019 and gas negative revenue adjustment of \$4 million recorded 2018.

Earnings Adjustment Mechanisms (EAMs) Promote Energy Efficiency and Clean Technologies

New rate period EAMs bring greater complexity and new challenges to reach NYS energy efficiency goals

	Earned Adjustment Mechanism	Description	Goal
Electric / Gas	Share the Savings	Lifetime MMBTU (one million British Thermal Units) savings unit cost reductions	Reduce the unit cost of lifetime energy savings below unit cost levels approved by the NYSPSC
	Deeper Energy Efficiency (EE)	Achievement of energy efficiency (EE) savings over three years from measures considered “deeper”	Encourage “deeper” EE measures, which are necessary to achieve NYS’ long-term environmental goals. These measures are more technically challenging, require more lead time, and/or are more expensive for customers to implement
Electric	Distributed Energy Resources (DER) Utilization	Solar PV, Storage and Wind adoption by customers (in megawatt-hour (MWh))	Expand use of DER interconnected to CECONY’s grid for the purpose of reducing customer reliance on grid-supplied electricity
	Beneficial Electrification	GHG reductions provided by electric vehicles (EVs) and Heat Pumps	Adoption of beneficial electrification technologies which leads to lifetime CO ₂ emissions reduction
	Electric Peak Reduction	Electric peak reduction below adjusted NYISO installed capacity (ICAP) forecast for CECONY service territory	Achieve coincident electric system peak reductions in the service territory to provide system benefits and lower supply costs
	Locational System Relief Value Load Factor	Maintaining or improving the load factor of a certain number of networks or load areas	Improve the load factor of more constrained portions of the distribution system that are not currently or likely non-wires alternatives areas
Gas	Gas Peak Reduction	Reduction of gas peak day per heating degree	Reduce system peak gas demand to reduce gas capacity and supply needs

Potential 2020 CECONY Earnings Adjustment Mechanisms*

Improvement in energy efficiency outcomes and changes in customer behavior are required in order for CECONY to achieve 2020 EAM targets established in the NYSPSC's New Efficiency: New York (NENY) Order

	EAM	Units	2019 Actual Performance	2020 Threshold		Possible Incentive Range
				Performance to Start Incentive	Variance from 2019 Actual	
Funded Energy Efficiency Program Achievements	Share the Savings	Lifetime MMBTU saved (MM)	TBD ^(a)	21.4 ^(b)	TBD ^(a)	30% of \$ / lifetime MMBTU savings applied to acquired non-low-moderate income EE savings
		\$ / lifetime MMBTU	TBD ^(a)	\$8.03 ^(c)	TBD ^(a)	
	Deeper Energy Efficiency (EE)	Lifetime MMBTU saved (MM)	TBD ^(a)	8.7 ^(c)	TBD ^(a)	\$0 - \$21.3 million
Service Territory Outcomes	Distributed Energy Resources Utilization	MWh dispatched	63,474 ^(b)	80,500	+27%	\$0 - \$14.5 million
	Beneficial Electrification	Metric tons CO2 saved	151,408 ^(b)	298,220 ^(c)	+97%	\$0 - \$14.5 million
	Electric System Peak Reduction	MW	13,172	13,043	-129 MWs	\$0 - \$11.6 million
	Gas System Peak Reduction	Dth-day / heating degree day	—	TBD ^(d)	—	\$0 - \$3.9 million
	Locational System Relief Value Load Factor	# areas improved year-over-year	TBD ^(a)	5	TBD ^(a)	\$0 - \$7.3 million

a. Awaiting data

b. Estimated

c. Reflects changes to CECONY rate plan from New Efficiency: New York Order

d. 2019 actual performance and 2020 performance target will not be set until after 2019-2020 winter season ends

* CECONY's rate plans also provide for negative revenue adjustments, as described in Note B to the financial statements in the 10-K.

Positive Incentives Promote Safety and Customer Service

	Earned Adjustment Mechanism	Description	Goal
Electric / Gas	Residential Service Termination / Uncollectible / Arrears	Targets for decrease in residential service terminations, bad debt write-offs and arrears	Meet targets for residential service terminations, bad debt write-offs and arrears each rate year; positive incentives earned will be allocated between electric and gas
	Leak Management: Year-End Total Backlog	Reduction of the gas leak backlog	Reduce the leak backlog below the associated annual targets for each rate year; 85% of leaks in each year must be repaired within 60 days
Gas	Emergency Response	Gas leak or odor call response time performance	Respond to gas leak or odor calls within 30 minutes for at least 95 percent of all calls for each year of the rate plan
	Damage Prevention	Damage prevention performance per 1,000 one-call tickets	Reduce the number of total damages to company gas facilities made by any party for each year of the rate plan

Potential 2020 CECONY Positive Incentives

Continued efforts related to gas safety and customer operations are required in order for CECONY to achieve 2020 positive incentive targets set forth in the CECONY Rate Plan

Positive Incentive	Units	2019 Actual Performance	2020 Threshold		Possible Incentive Range	
			Performance to Start Incentive	Variance From 2019 Actual	basis points	\$
Residential Service Termination / Uncollectible / Arrears	Residential service terminations, bad debt write-offs, and arrears	Terminations = 58,101 Bad debt-write-offs = \$44,858,724 Arrears = \$324,611,621	Terminations < or = 37,918	35% decrease in terminations	N/A	\$2 million - \$6 million
			Bad debt write-offs < or = \$33,765,222	25% decrease in bad debt write-offs		
			Arrears < or = \$249,039,027 ^{(a)(b)}	23% decrease in arrears		
			Terminations < or = 45,533	22% decrease in terminations		
			Bad debt write-offs < or = \$36,467,907	19% decrease in bad debt write-offs		
			Arrears < or = \$242,023,946 ^{(a)(b)}	25% decrease in arrears		
Leak Management: Year-End Total Backlog	Leak backlog inventory	286	200	-86	1-4 bps	\$480,000 - \$1.92 million ^(c)
Emergency Response	% response in 30 minutes	95%	95%	0%	2-6 bps	\$960,000 - \$2.88 million ^(c)
Damage Prevention	Ratio of total damages to tickets	1.32	1.5	N/A	5-10 bps	\$2.4 million - \$4.8 million ^(c)

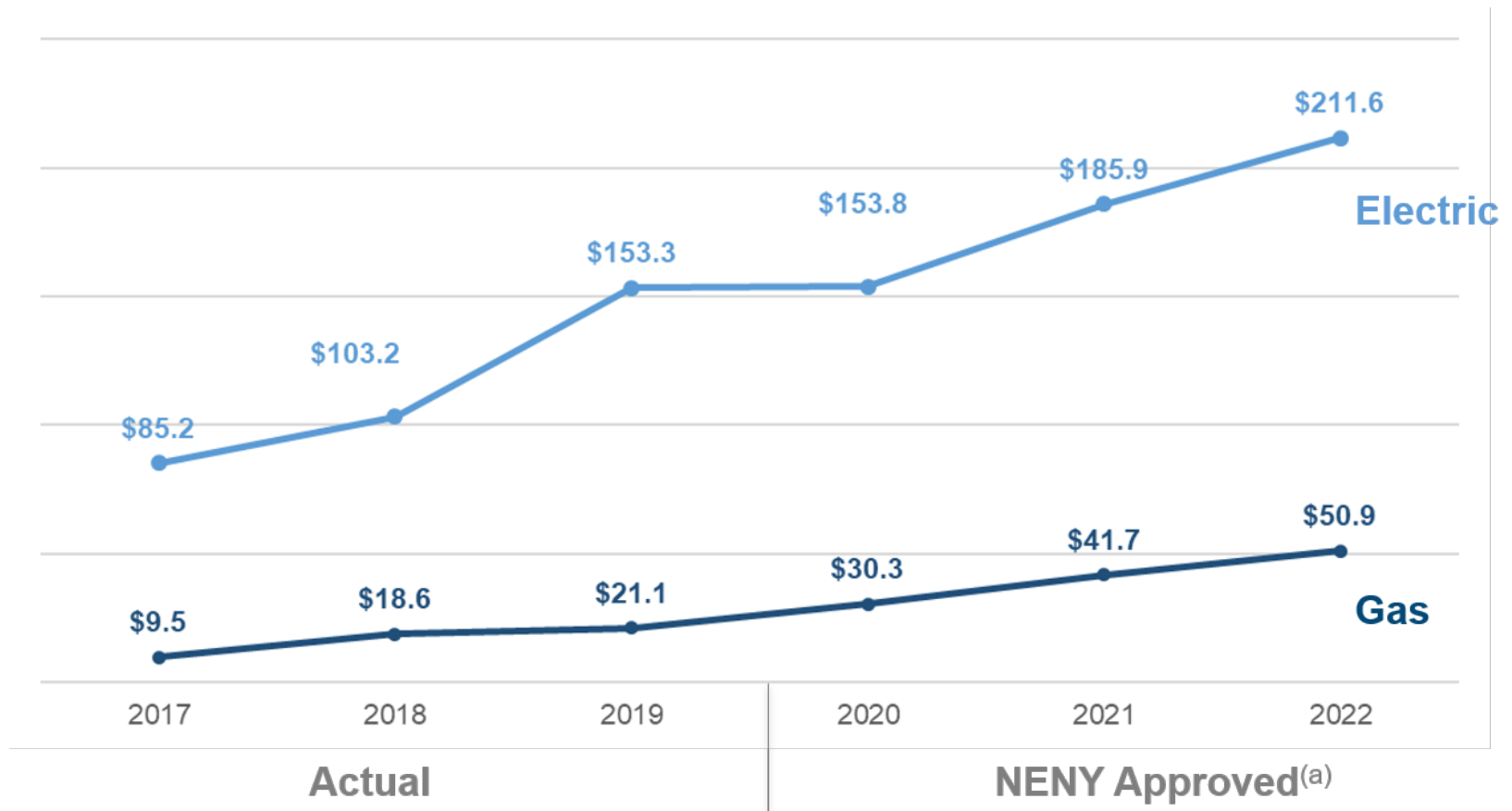
- Arrears component was added to the residential service termination and uncollectible positive incentive in the 2020-2022 CECONY rate plan
- A positive incentive can be recognized if the company achieves either set of targets
- The revenue requirement equivalent of a basis point on common equity capital per the gas revenue requirements under CECONY's rate plan is estimated to be \$480,000 in 2020

Energy Efficiency Budgets are Addressed in CECONY Rate Plan

Energy efficiency spending of approximately \$700 million over rate plan aligns with New Efficiency: New York initiative goals

CECONY Electric & Gas Energy Efficiency Budgets

(\$ in millions)

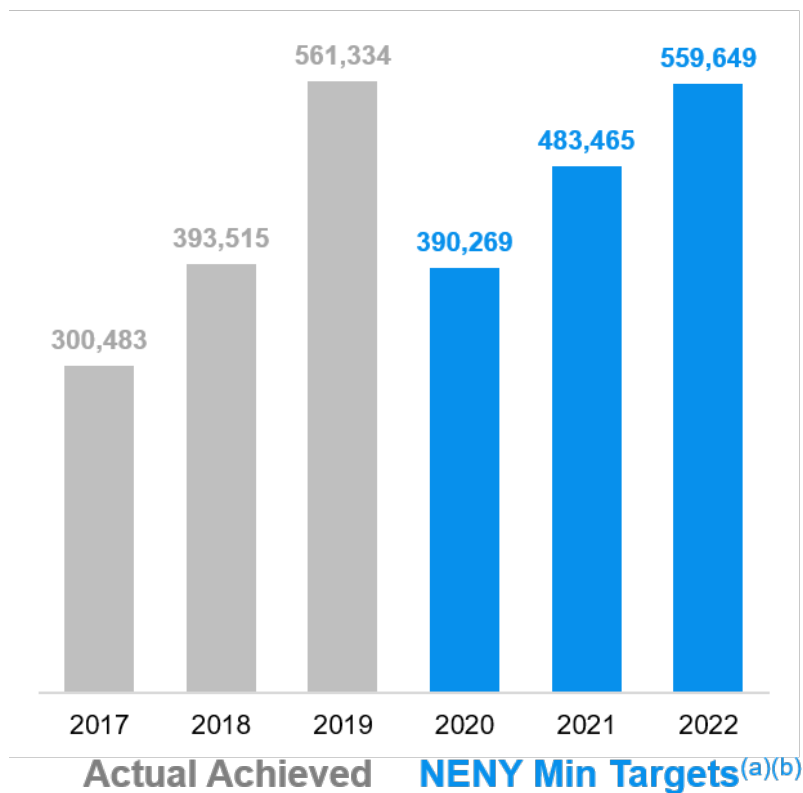


a. 2020-2022 amounts approved in the January 2020 New Efficiency: New York Order, Case 18-M-0084

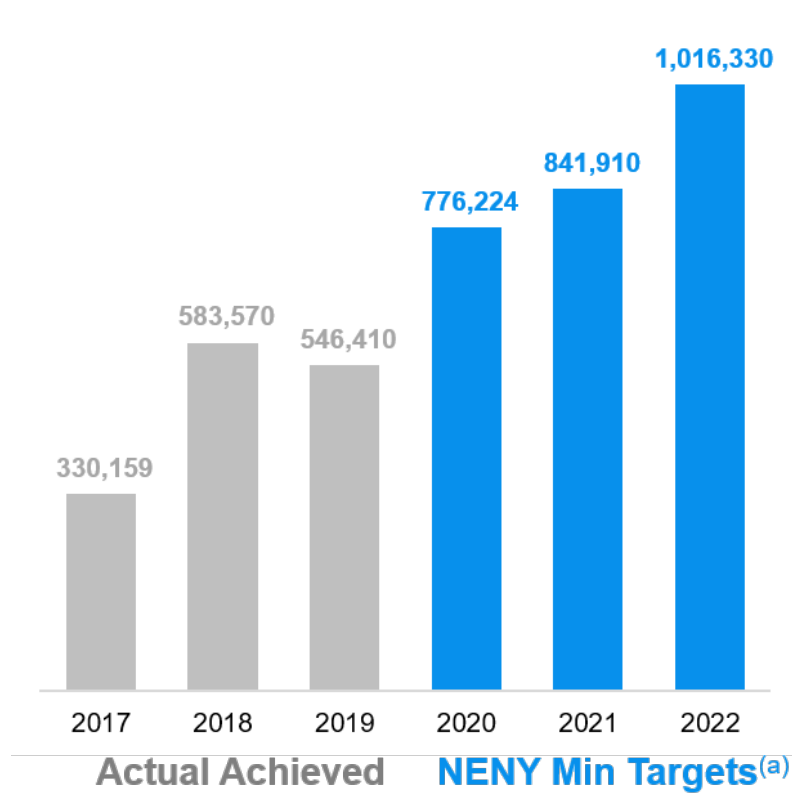
Lowering Emissions with Energy Efficiency Targets

New energy efficiency efforts from CECONY customers are expected to avoid 2.7 million metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent over 2019-2022

CECONY Electric Energy Efficiency Targets (MWh)



CECONY Gas Energy Efficiency Targets (Dth)



- a. 2020-2022 amounts subject to the New Efficiency: New York Order, Case 18-M-0084
- b. 2020-2022 Electric includes Heat Pump equivalent MWh targets

Utilities' Rate Adjustments for Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (TCJA)^(a)

New York State Public Service Commission Order in Case 17-M-0815 – Proceeding on Motion of the Commission on Changes in Law that May Affect Rates (August 9, 2018)

CECONY Electric

- Pursuant to the rate plan approved on January 16, 2020 (Case 19-E-0065), TCJA net benefits are reflected as follows:
 - the 2019 savings from the TCJA were passed back to customers in 2019
 - pass back of the 2018 savings (\$377 million) over a three-year period – \$126 million annually
 - pass back of protected portion of net regulatory liability for excess deferred income taxes (\$1,663 million) over remaining lives of the related assets - approximately \$50 million annually - and the unprotected portion (\$784 million) over a five-year period - \$157 million annually, as proposed in the initial filing

CECONY Gas

- Pursuant to the rate plan approved on January 16, 2020 (Case 19-G-0066), TCJA net benefits are reflected as follows:
 - the 2019 savings from the TCJA were passed back to customers in 2019
 - pass back of the remaining portion of the 2018 savings (\$63 million) over a two-year period – \$32 million annually
 - pass back of protected portion of net regulatory liability for excess deferred income taxes (\$725 million) over remaining lives of the related assets - approximately \$14 million annually - and the unprotected portion (\$107 million) over a five-year period - \$21 million annually, as proposed in the initial filing

CECONY Steam

- Customer credit of \$25 million started on October 1, 2018 and includes:
 - annual ongoing tax savings of \$14 million
 - pass back of January – September 2018 tax savings (\$15 million) over a three-year period – \$5 million annually
 - pass back of protected and unprotected portions of net regulatory liability for excess deferred income taxes (\$169 million and \$16 million, respectively) over the life of the assets – \$6 million annually (amortization period for unprotected balance will be reviewed in the next rate case filing)

a. See Note B – Regulatory Matters/Other Regulatory Matters on pages 120 – 134 and Note L – Income Taxes on pages 152 – 156 in the 2019 Form 10-K.

Utilities' Rate Adjustments for Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (TCJA) (cont'd)^(a)

O&R Electric and Gas

- O&R, pursuant to the November 2018 joint proposal (Case 18-E-0067; 18-G-0068), is reflecting its TCJA net benefits as follows:
 - annual ongoing savings of \$18 million
 - pass back of 2018 savings (\$22 million) over a three-year period – \$7 million annually
 - pass back of protected portion of net regulatory liability for excess deferred income taxes (\$123 million) over remaining lives of the related assets and the unprotected portion (\$30 million) over a fifteen-year period - \$4 million annually

Rockland Electric Company (RECO)

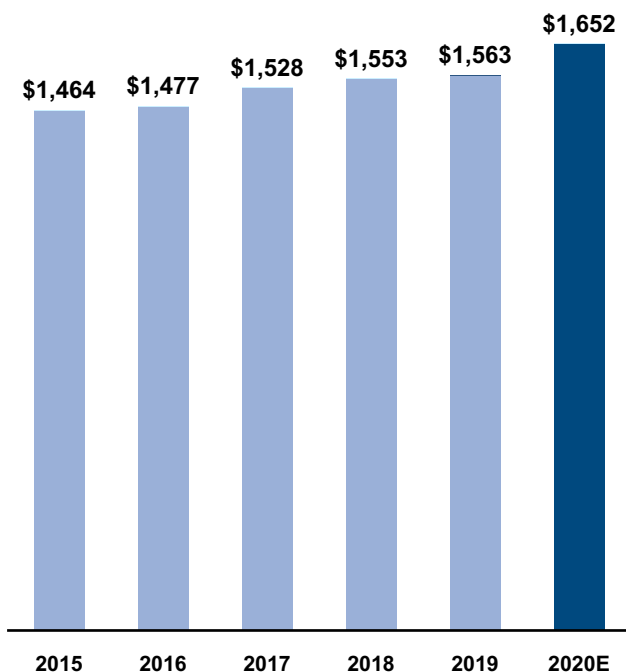
- NJBPU Docket No. AX1801001 – In the Matter of the Board's Consideration of the 2017 Tax Cuts and Jobs Act
 - \$2.9 million rate decrease started on April 1, 2018
 - customers were paid \$1 million in July 2018 for January to March 2018 tax savings
 - pass back of protected portion of net regulatory liability for excess deferred income taxes (\$14 million) over remaining lives of the related assets and the unprotected portion (\$10 million) over a three-year period – \$3 million annually
- FERC Docket No. EL18-111-000
 - In November 2018, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) issued an order directing RECO to refund \$0.6 million to its transmission customers and reducing its annual transmission revenue requirement by an immaterial amount to reflect the TCJA.

a. See Note B – Regulatory Matters/Other Regulatory Matters on pages 120 – 134 and Note L – Income Taxes on pages 152 – 156 in the 2019 Form 10-K.

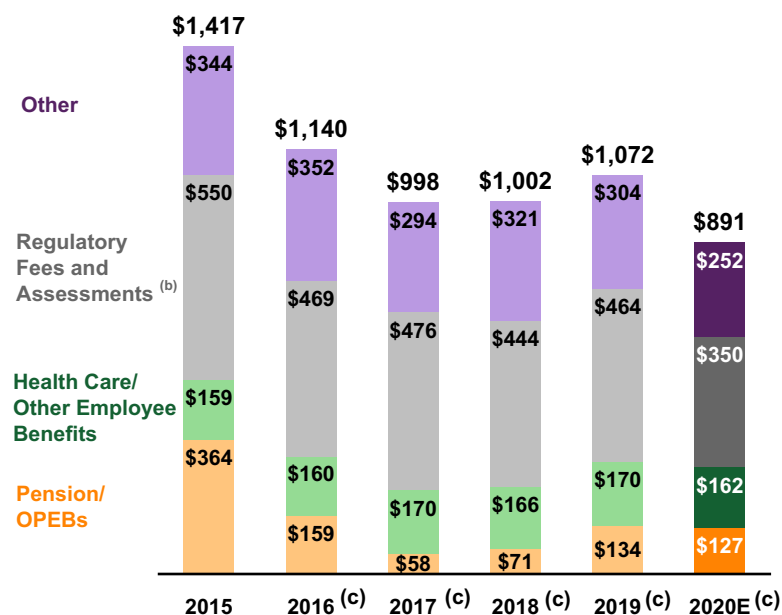
CECONY Operations and Maintenance Expenses

(\$ in millions)

Departmental



Other Expenses^(a)



- a. Other Expenses generally are either reconciled through amounts reflected in rates, or represent surcharges that are recovered in revenues from customers.
- b. Includes Demand Side Management, System Benefit Charges and Public Service Law 18A assessments which are collected in revenues.
- c. Excludes non-service components of Pension/OPEBs pursuant to Accounting Standards Update 2017-07. See page 137 of the 2019 Form 10-K.

Composition of Regulatory Rate Base^(a) (as of December 31, 2019)

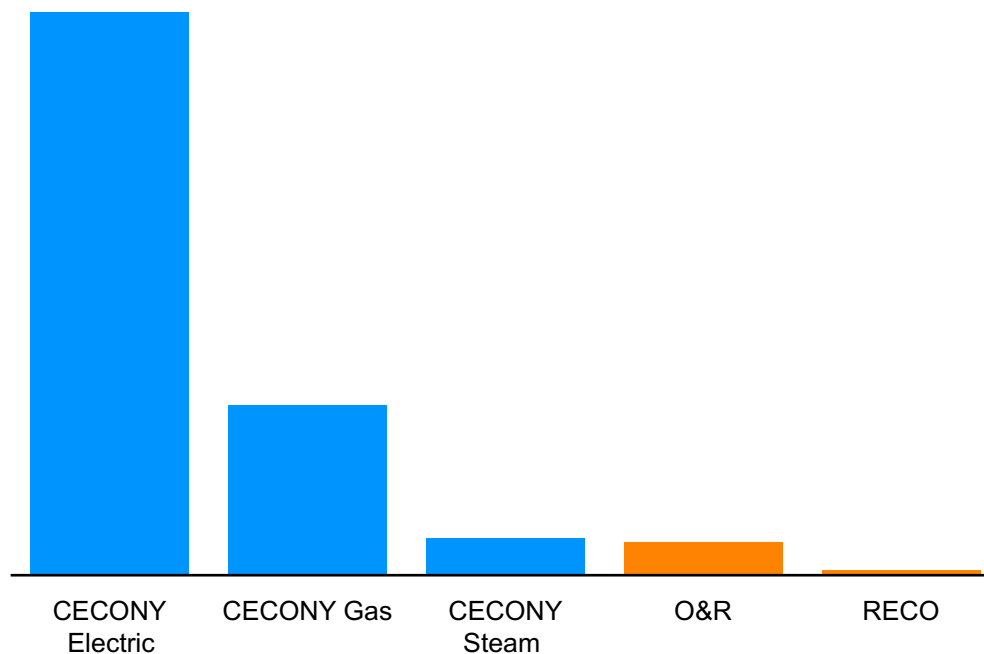
CECONY (\$ in millions)

Electric	NY	\$21,149
Gas	NY	6,408
Steam	NY	1,451
Total CECONY		\$29,008

O&R (\$ in millions)

O&R Electric	NY	\$842
O&R Gas	NY	455
RECO	NJ	254
Total O&R		\$1,551

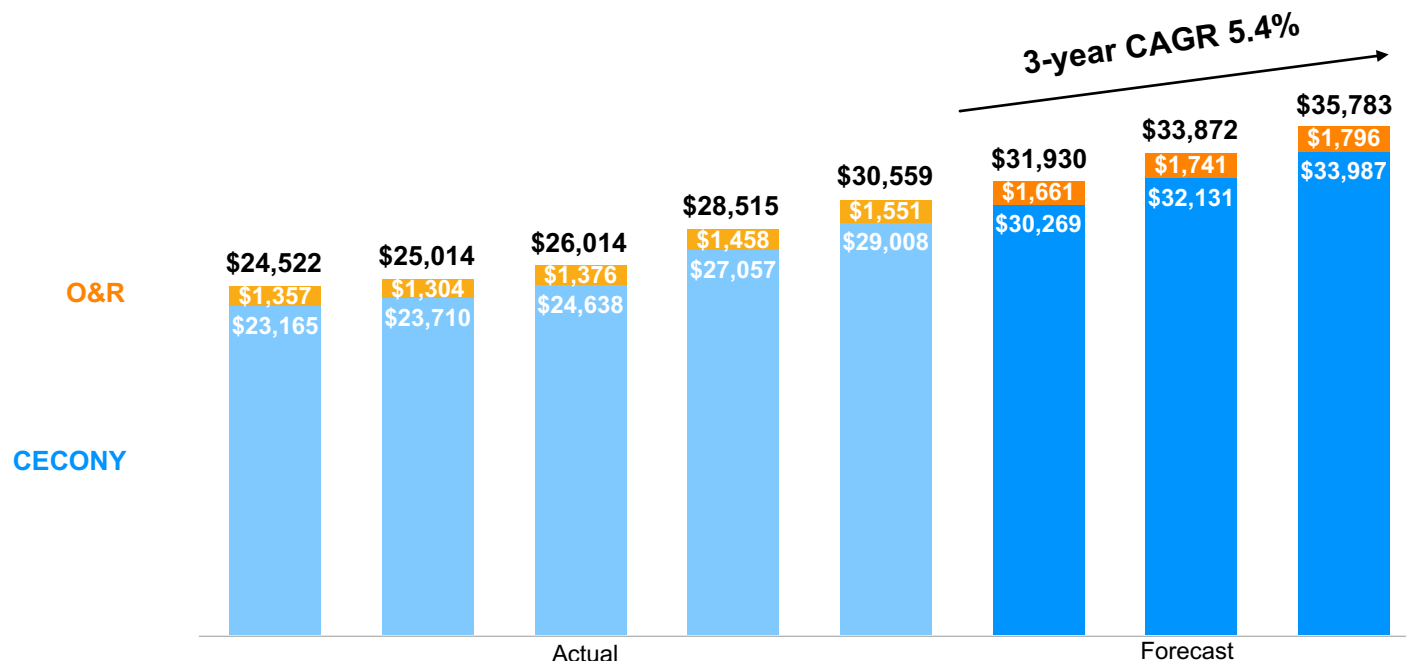
Total Rate Base \$30,559



a. Average rate base for 12 months ended December 31, 2019.

Average Rate Base Balances

(\$ in millions)



		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020E ^(a)	2021E ^(a)	2022E ^(a)
CECONY	Electric	\$ 17,599	\$ 17,971	\$ 18,513	\$ 20,057	\$ 21,149	\$ 21,660	\$ 22,783	\$ 23,926
	Gas	4,023	4,267	4,723	5,581	6,408	7,171	7,911	8,622
	Steam	1,543	1,472	1,402	1,419	1,451	1,438	1,437	1,439
O&R	Electric	769	731	759	806	842	906	948	964
	Gas	386	362	392	426	455	476	498	524
RECO	Electric	202	211	225	226	254	279	295	308

a. Amounts reflect the CECONY electric and gas rate plan approved on January 16, 2020.

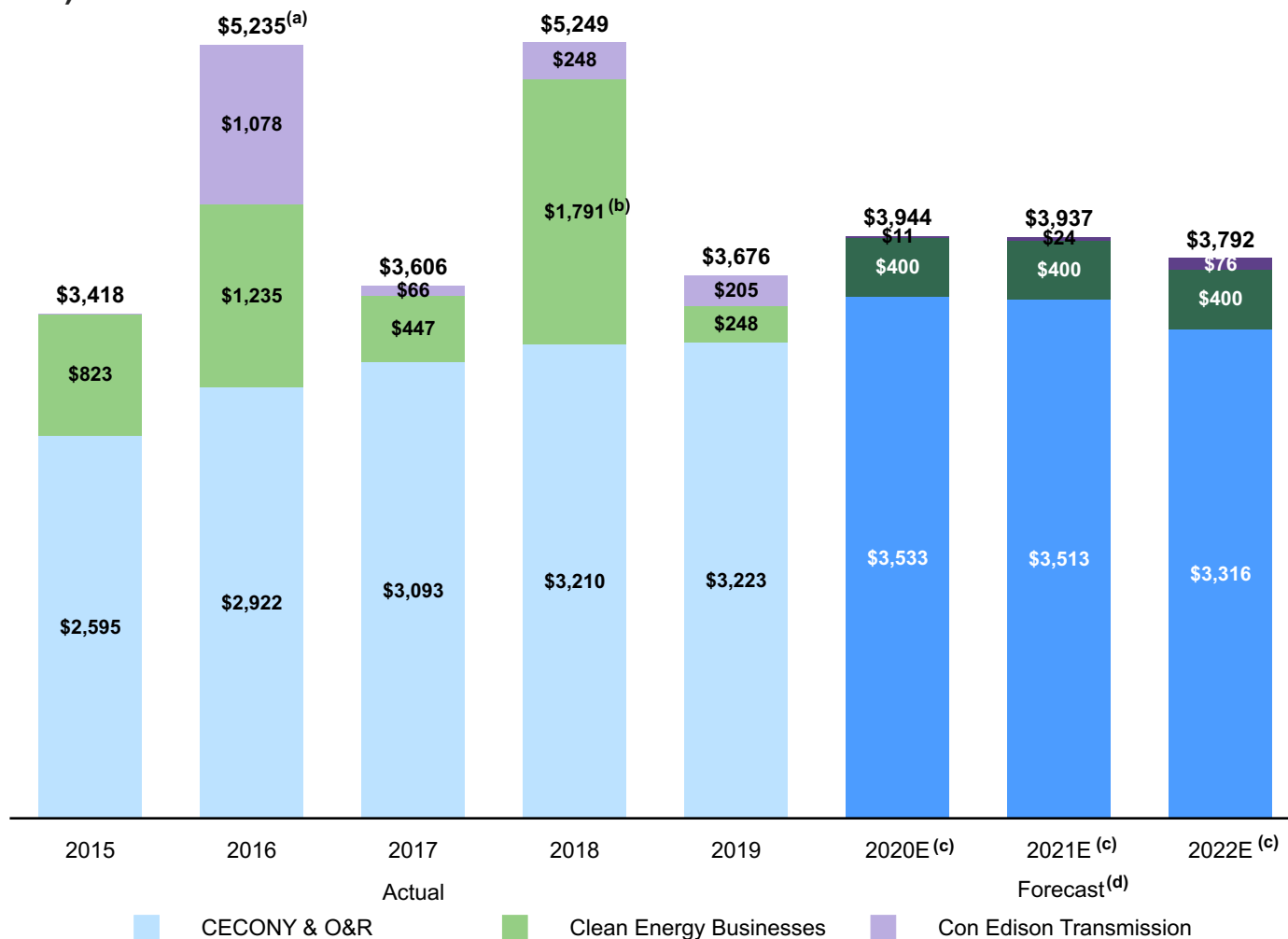
Regulated Utilities' Rates of Return and Equity Ratios (12 Months ended December 31, 2019)

	Regulated Basis	
	Allowed	Actual
CECONY		
Electric	9.0%	8.9%
Gas	9.0	8.9
Steam	9.3	9.4
Overall – CECONY	9.0 ^(a)	9.0
CECONY Equity Ratio	48.0%	47.8%
O&R		
Electric	9.0%	10.2%
Gas	9.0	9.3
RECO	9.6	3.9
Overall – O&R	9.1 ^(a)	8.9
O&R Equity Ratio	48.0%	48.4%

a. Weighted by rate base.

Capital Expenditures

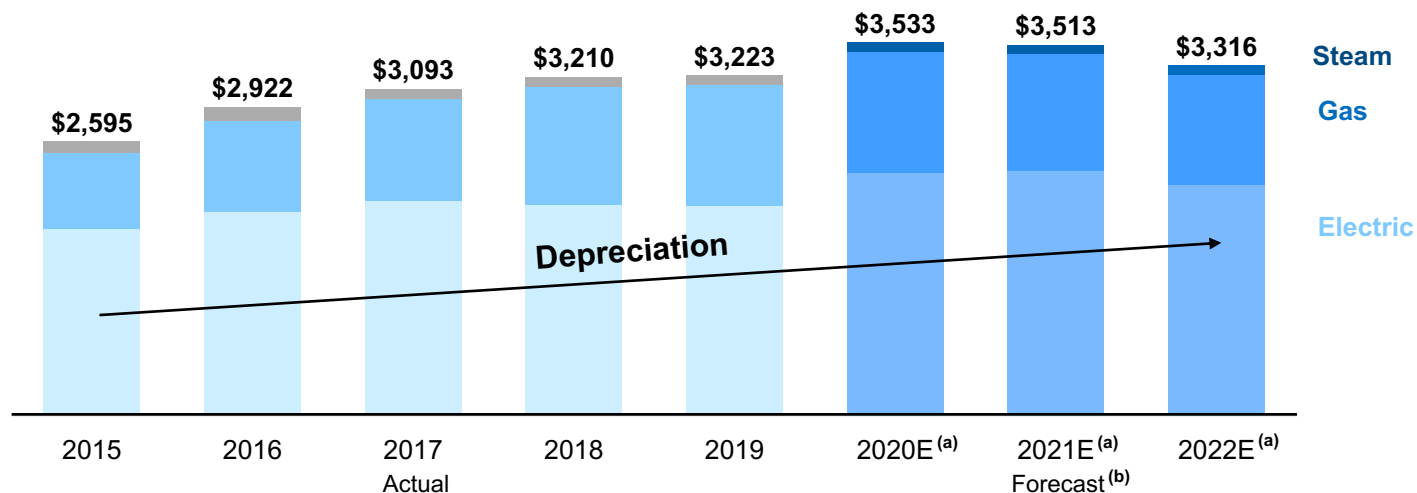
(\$ in millions)



- a. 2016 includes Stagecoach JV investment of \$974 million.
- b. 2018 includes Clean Energy Businesses' purchase of Sempra Solar Holdings, LLC.
- c. Amounts reflect the CECONY electric and gas rate plan approved on January 16, 2020.
- d. 2019 Form 10-K, page 32.

Utilities' Capital Expenditures

(\$ in millions)



	Annual CECONY Capital Expenditures				Annual O&R Capital Expenditures		
	Electric	Gas	Steam	Depreciation	Electric	Gas	Depreciation
2015	1,658	671	106	1,040	114	46	68
2016	1,819	811	126	1,106	114	52	67
2017	1,905	909	90	1,195	128	61	71
2018	1,861	1,050	94	1,276	138	67	77
2019	1,851	1,078	91	1,373	142	61	84
2020E ^(a)	2,150	1,086	92	1,590	153	52	92
2021E ^(a)	2,162	1,060	85	1,707	155	51	95
2022E ^(a)	2,019	993	87	1,843	163	54	99

a. Amounts reflect the CECONY electric and gas rate plan approved on January 16, 2020.
b. 2019 Form 10-K, page 32.

2019 Financing Activity

Equity Financing Activity^(a)

- In March, Con Edison issued approximately 5.6 million common shares for \$425 million upon settlement of the remaining portion of the November 2018 equity forward transaction
- In June, Con Edison issued 4.75 million common shares for \$400 million upon settlement of most of a May 2019 equity forward transaction

Debt Financing Activity

- In February, Con Edison borrowed \$825 million under a two-year variable rate term loan due February 2021 and prepaid in full an \$825 million term loan that was due in June 2019
- In May, CECONY issued \$700 million of 4.125 percent debentures due 2049
- In May, a CEBs subsidiary borrowed \$464 million at a variable rate^(b), due 2026, secured by equity interests in solar electric production projects
- In June, Con Edison prepaid \$150 million of the \$825 million term loan due February 2021
- In October, a CEBs subsidiary issued \$303 million of 3.82 percent senior notes due 2038
- In November, O&R issued \$43 million of 3.73 percent debentures due 2049
- In December, O&R issued \$44 million of 2.94 percent debentures due 2029 and \$38 million of 3.46 percent debentures due 2039
- In December, Con Edison redeemed \$400 million of 2.00 percent debentures that was due March 2020

Debt Maturities in 2019

- CECONY \$475 million matured in April, 6.65 percent
- RECO securitization matured in May, 5.22 percent
- O&R \$60 million matured in December, 4.96 percent
- Amortizing debt principal payments

a. This is in addition to the equity issued through dividend reinvestment, employee stock purchase and long-term incentive plans.

b. The company entered into fixed-rate interest rate swaps in connection with this borrowing.

Financing Plan for 2020 - 2022

Financing Plan

- Issue between \$1,500 million and \$2,000 million of long-term debt, primarily at the Utilities, in 2020 and approximately \$1,800 million in aggregate of long-term debt at the Utilities during 2021 and 2022, in addition to the issuance of long term debt to refinancing maturities at the Utilities
- Issue debt secured by the Clean Energy Businesses' renewable electric production projects and by Con Edison Transmission's investments
- Issue up to \$600 million of common equity in 2020 and approximately \$1,100 million in aggregate of common equity during 2021 and 2022, in addition to equity issued through dividend reinvestment, employee stock purchase and long-term incentive plans
- Planned issuance is in addition to the 1.05 million shares issued for \$88 million in January 2020 to settle the remainder of a May 2019 equity forward transaction

Debt Maturities

(\$ in millions)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Con Edison, Inc. [parent company]	\$3	\$1,178	\$293	\$—	\$—
CECONY	350	640	—	—	250
O&R	—	—	—	—	—
CEBs ^(a)	165	149	144	316	135
Total	\$518	\$1,967	\$437	\$316	\$385

a. Does not include additional principal amounts lenders for PG&E-related project debt may, upon written notice, declare due and payable. See Note C to the financial statements in the Form 10-K.

Capital Structure – December 31, 2019

(\$ in millions)

Consolidated Edison, Inc. Baa1 / BBB+ / BBB+

Debt	\$ 19,973	52%
Equity	18,213	48
Total	\$ 38,186	100%

CECONY A3 / A- / A-

Debt	\$ 14,964	51%
Equity	14,147	49
Total	\$ 29,111	100%

O&R Baa1 / A- / A-

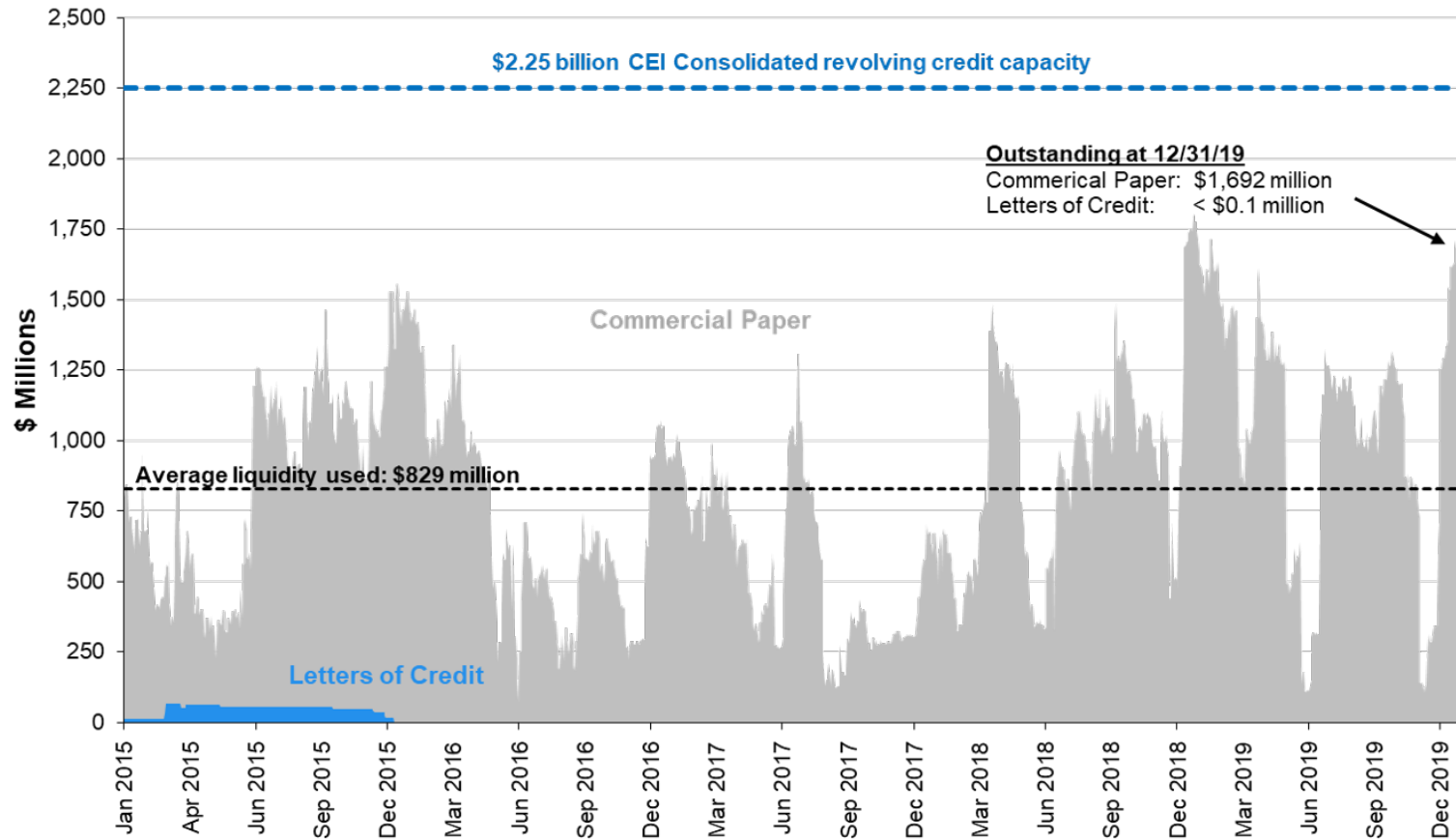
Debt	\$ 818	52%
Equity	762	48
Total	\$ 1,580	100%

Parent and Other

Debt	\$ 4,191	56%
Equity	3,304	44
Total	\$ 7,495	100%

Amounts shown exclude notes payable and include the current portion of long-term debt. Senior unsecured credit ratings shown in order of Moody's / S&P / Fitch. Moody's ratings have negative outlook and S&P and Fitch have stable outlooks. Ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time.

Commercial Paper and Letters of Credit (\$ in millions)



Utilities' Sales and Revenues – Electric Fourth Quarter

(\$ in millions)

Electric – 4th Quarter

	Millions of Kilowatt-hours		Revenues in Millions	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Con Edison of New York				
Residential and Religious	2,357	2,423	\$611	\$635
Commercial and Industrial	2,334	2,244	440	417
Retail choice customers	5,787	6,270	592	595
Public Authorities	27	16	4	3
NYPA, Municipal Agency and other	2,390	2,422	148	150
Total Sales^(a)	12,895	13,375	\$1,795	\$1,800
Orange and Rockland				
Residential and Religious	364	365	\$66	\$67
Commercial and Industrial	187	190	25	24
Retail choice customers	691	700	44	43
Public Authorities	26	27	1	2
Total Sales^(a)	1,268	1,282	\$136	\$136
Regulated Utility Sales & Revenues				
Residential and Religious	2,721	2,788	\$677	\$702
Commercial and Industrial	2,521	2,434	465	441
Retail choice customers	6,478	6,970	636	638
Public Authorities	53	43	5	5
NYPA, Municipal Agency and other	2,390	2,422	148	150
Total Sales	14,163	14,657	\$1,931	\$1,936

- a. Electric delivery volumes in CECONY's and O&R's service areas decreased 3.6 percent and 1.1 percent, respectively, for the three months ended December 31, 2019 compared with the 2018 period. After adjusting for weather and other variations, electric delivery volumes in CECONY's and O&R's service areas decreased 1.5 percent and 1.0 percent, respectively, for the three months ended December 31, 2019 compared with the 2018 period.

Utilities' Sales and Revenues – Electric Full Year

(\$ in millions)

Electric – Full Year

	Millions of Kilowatt-hours		Revenues in Millions	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Con Edison of New York				
Residential and Religious	10,560	10,797	\$2,671	\$2,846
Commercial and Industrial	9,908	9,588	1,845	1,850
Retail choice customers	24,754	26,266	2,470	2,624
Public Authorities	111	66	19	12
NYPA, Municipal Agency and other sales	9,821	10,120	644	650
Total Sales^(a)	55,154	56,837	\$7,649	\$7,982
Orange and Rockland				
Residential and Religious	1,703	1,713	\$309	\$326
Commercial and Industrial	808	799	112	115
Retail choice customers	2,885	2,974	191	201
Public Authorities	106	131	8	12
Total Sales^(a)	5,502	5,617	\$620	\$654
Regulated Utility Sales & Revenues				
Residential and Religious	12,263	12,510	\$2,980	\$3,172
Commercial and Industrial	10,716	10,387	1,957	1,965
Retail choice customers	27,639	29,240	2,661	2,825
Public Authorities	217	197	27	24
NYPA, Municipal Agency and other sales	9,821	10,120	644	650
Total Sales	60,656	62,454	\$8,269	\$8,636

- a. Electric delivery volumes in CECONY's and O&R's service areas decreased 3.0 percent and 2.0 percent, respectively, in 2019 compared with 2018. After adjusting for weather and other variations, electric delivery volumes in CECONY's and O&R's service areas decreased 1.1 percent and 1.1 percent, respectively, in 2019 compared with 2018.

Utilities' Sales and Revenues – Gas Fourth Quarter

(\$ in millions)

Gas – 4th Quarter

	Thousands of Dekatherms		Revenues in Millions	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Con Edison of New York				
Residential	13,367	14,259	\$219	\$238
General	8,217	8,421	85	92
Firm Transportation	21,121	20,846	147	143
Total Firm Sales and Transportation^(a)	42,705	43,526	451	473
Interruptible Sales	2,579	2,394	8	10
Transportation of Customer Owned Gas	24,427	28,549	13	15
Total Sales	69,711	74,469	\$472	\$498
Off-system Sales	—	9	—	—
Orange and Rockland				
Residential	3,334	3,357	\$38	\$44
General	720	688	7	8
Firm Transportation	3,029	3,083	19	21
Total Firm Sales and Transportation^(a)	7,083	7,128	64	73
Interruptible Sales	978	904	1	1
Transportation of Customer Owned Gas	279	323	—	—
Total Sales	8,340	8,355	\$65	\$74
Off-system Sales	—	1	—	—
Regulated Utility Sales & Revenues				
Residential	16,701	17,616	\$257	\$282
General	8,937	9,109	92	100
Firm Transportation	24,150	23,929	166	164
Total Firm Sales and Transportation	49,788	50,654	515	546
Interruptible Sales	3,557	3,298	9	11
Transportation of Customer Owned Gas	24,706	28,872	13	15
Total Sales	78,051	82,824	\$537	\$572
Off-system Sales	—	10	—	—

- a. Firm sales and transportation volumes in CECONY's and O&R's service areas decreased 1.9 percent and 0.6 percent, respectively, for the three months ended December 31, 2019 compared with the 2018 period. After adjusting for weather and other variations, firm sales and transportation volumes in CECONY's and O&R's service areas increased 1.3 percent and decreased 2.3 percent, respectively, for the three months ended December 31, 2019 compared with the 2018 period.

Utilities' Sales and Revenues – Gas Full Year

(\$ in millions)

Gas – Full Year

	Thousands of Dekatherms		Revenues in Millions	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Con Edison of New York				
Residential	54,402	57,815	\$943	\$966
General	33,235	34,490	384	390
Firm Transportation	81,710	82,472	593	595
Total Firm Sales and Transportation^(a)	169,347	174,777	1,920	1,951
Interruptible Sales	9,903	7,351	42	40
Transportation of Customer Owned Gas	112,355	127,425	56	59
Total Sales	291,605	309,553	\$2,018	\$2,050
Off-system Sales	12	195	—	1
Orange and Rockland				
Residential	10,209	9,860	\$136	\$140
General	2,328	2,190	25	26
Firm Transportation	9,459	9,950	63	78
Total Firm Sales and Transportation^(a)	21,996	22,000	224	244
Interruptible Sales	3,668	3,746	6	6
Transportation of Customer Owned Gas	918	960	1	1
Total Sales	26,582	26,706	\$231	\$251
Off-system Sales	1	15	—	—
Regulated Utility Sales & Revenues				
Residential	64,611	67,675	\$1,079	\$1,106
General	35,563	36,680	409	416
Firm Transportation	91,169	92,422	656	673
Total Firm Sales and Transportation	191,343	196,777	2,144	2,195
Interruptible Sales	13,571	11,097	48	46
Transportation of Customer Owned Gas	113,273	128,385	57	60
Total Sales	318,187	336,259	\$2,249	\$2,301
Off-system Sales	13	210	—	1

- a. Firm sales and transportation volumes in CECONY's and O&R's service areas decreased 3.1 percent and remained unchanged, respectively, in 2019 compared with 2018. After adjusting for weather and other variations, firm sales and transportation volumes in CECONY's and O&R's service areas increased 1.8 percent and 0.9 percent, respectively, in 2019 compared with 2018.

Utilities' Sales and Revenues – Steam Fourth Quarter and Full Year

(\$ in millions)

Steam – 4th Quarter

	Millions of Pounds		Revenues in Millions	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Con Edison of New York				
General	142	151	\$7	\$7
Apartment House	1,588	1,688	41	45
Annual Power	2,957	3,498	91	108
Total Sales ^(a)	4,687	5,337	\$139	\$160

Steam – Full Year

	Millions of Pounds		Revenues in Millions	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Con Edison of New York				
General	536	593	\$27	\$30
Apartment House	5,919	6,358	160	174
Annual Power	13,340	14,811	395	441
Total Sales ^(a)	19,795	21,762	\$582	\$645

- a. Steam sales and deliveries decreased 12.2 percent and 9.0 percent for the three months and year ended December 31, 2019, respectively, compared with the 2018 periods. After adjusting for weather and other variations, steam sales and deliveries decreased 7.2 percent and 4.4 percent for the three months and year ended December 31, 2019, respectively, compared with the 2018 periods.

Income Statement – 2019 Fourth Quarter

(\$ in millions)

	CECONY	O&R	CEBs	CET	Other ^(a)	Total
Total operating revenues	\$2,573	\$215	\$161	\$1	\$1	\$2,951
Depreciation and amortization	353	21	57	—	—	431
Other operating expenses	1,696	168	85	2	3	1,954
Total operating expenses	2,049	189	142	2	3	2,385
Operating income	524	26	19	(1)	(2)	566
Other income (deductions)	(4)	(3)	2	28	(3)	20
Interest expense	183	11	16	7	3	220
Income before income tax expense	337	12	5	20	(8)	366
Income tax expense	65	2	(14)	5	(5)	53
Net income	\$272	\$10	\$19	\$15	\$(3)	\$313
Income attributable to non-controlling interest	—	—	18	—	—	18
Net income for common stock	\$272	\$10	\$1	\$15	\$(3)	\$295

a. Includes parent company and consolidation adjustments.

Con Edison's consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto are in Item 8 of the 2019 Form 10-K.

Income Statement – 2019 Full Year

(\$ in millions)

	CECONY	O&R	CEBs	CET	Other ^(a)	Total
Total operating revenues	\$10,821	\$893	\$857	\$4	\$(1)	\$12,574
Depreciation and amortization	1,373	84	226	1	—	1,684
Other operating expenses	7,100	670	429	9	6	8,214
Total operating expenses	8,473	754	655	10	6	9,898
Operating income	2,348	139	202	(6)	(7)	2,676
Other income (deductions)	(35)	(11)	5	104	(12)	51
Interest expense	728	41	186	25	11	991
Income before income tax expense	1,585	87	21	73	(30)	1,736
Income tax expense	335	17	(58)	21	(19)	296
Net income	\$1,250	\$70	\$79	\$52	\$(11)	\$1,440
Income attributable to non-controlling interest	—	—	97	—	—	97
Net income for common stock	\$1,250	\$70	\$(18)	\$52	\$(11)	\$1,343

For the CEBs, reconciliation of net income for common stock to adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (adjusted EBITDA)

Net income for common stock	\$(18)
Mark-to-market pre-tax loss/(gain)	27
HLBV pre-tax loss/(gain)	98
Interest expense/(income), excluding mark-to-market effects of interest rate swaps	153
Income tax (benefit)/expense	(58)
Pre-tax equivalent of production tax credits (25%)	34
Depreciation and amortization	226
Adjusted EBITDA (non-GAAP)	\$462

a. Includes parent company and consolidation adjustments.

Con Edison's consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto are in Item 8 of the 2019 Form 10-K.

Balance Sheet – As of December 31, 2019

(\$ in millions)

	CECONY	O&R	CEBs	CET	Other ^(a)	Total
ASSETS						
Current assets	\$3,543	\$243	\$511	\$2	\$(27)	\$4,272
Investments	461	26	—	1,585	(7)	2,065
Net plant	37,414	2,336	4,121	17	1	43,889
Other noncurrent assets	5,139	401	1,896	14	403	7,853
Total assets	\$46,557	\$3,006	\$6,528	\$1,618	\$370	\$58,079
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Current liabilities	\$4,131	\$311	\$1,525	\$135	\$185	\$6,287
Noncurrent liabilities	13,665	1,115	201	88	(17)	15,052
Long-term debt	14,614	818	2,400	500	195	18,527
Equity	14,147	762	2,402	895	7	18,213
Total liabilities and equity	\$46,557	\$3,006	\$6,528	\$1,618	\$370	\$58,079

a. Includes parent company and consolidation adjustments.

Con Edison's consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto are in Item 8 of the 2019 Form 10-K.

Statement of Cash Flows – Year Ended December 31, 2019

(\$ in millions)

	CECONY	O&R	CEBs	CET	Other ^(a)	Total
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	\$2,502	\$190	\$199	\$194	\$49	\$3,134
Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities	(3,124)	(218)	(258)	(184)	2	(3,782)
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	737	8	184	(12)	(58)	859
Net change for the period	115	(20)	125	(2)	(7)	211
Balance at beginning of period	818	52	126	2	8	1,006
Balance at end of period (b)	\$933	\$32	\$251	\$—	\$1	\$1,217

a. Includes parent company and consolidation adjustments.

b. See "Reconciliation of Cash, Temporary Cash Investments and Restricted Cash" in Note A in Item 8 of the 2019 Form 10-K.

Con Edison's consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto are in Item 8 of the 2019 Form 10-K.

Rating Agency Credit Metrics

Rating Agency	Rating / Outlook ^(a)	Rating Agency Key Metric ^(b)	Rating Agency Forecast ^(c)	Rating Agency Downgrade Threshold
Moody's Investors Services	• CEI: Baa1 / Negative	CFO pre-WC ^(e) / Debt	• 13% - 16%	• <15%
	• CECONY: A3 / Negative		• 14% - 17%	• <17%
	• O&R: Baa1 / Negative		• 12% - 16%	• ≤15%
S&P Global Ratings ^(d)	• CEI: BBB+ / Stable	Funds from operations to Debt	• >16%	• <16%
	• CECONY: A- / Stable			
	• O&R: A- / Stable			
Fitch Ratings	• CEI: BBB+ / Stable	Funds from operations-Adjusted Leverage	• Near or at 5.0x	• >5.0x
	• CECONY: A- / Stable		• 4.7x	• >5.0x
	• O&R: A- / Stable		• 4.6x	• >5.0x

This slide reflects the company's understanding of certain credit criteria of the rating agencies at this time, which are subject to change.

Source: Moody's Investors Service Credit Opinion January 9, 2020 (CECONY and O&R) and January 10, 2020 (Con Edison); S&P Global Ratings RatingsDirect January 23, 2020; Fitch Ratings press release "Fitch Affirms ConEd & Subsidiaries at 'BBB+'; Outlook Stable" December 17, 2019.

- Represents senior unsecured ratings. Ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision or withdrawal at anytime.
- As defined and calculated by each respective rating agency. The rating agencies use other metrics that are not described on this slide.
- Forecast represents: "12-18 Month Forward View As of Date Published" for Moody's; "2020 onward" for S&P; 2019-2022 average for Fitch.
- S&P rates CECONY and O&R on a group rating methodology with Con Edison. S&P has not published thresholds specific to CECONY or O&R since 2018.
- CFO pre-WC is defined by Moody's as cash flow from operations before changes in working capital.

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