- 1 Q. What are the names of the members of the Electric
- 2 Emergency Preparedness Panel ("Panel")?
- 3 A. George Greenwood and Bruce Walker.
- 4 Q. Has the Panel previously submitted testimony in this
- 5 proceeding?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. What is the purpose of the Panel's testimony?
- 8 A. Our testimony: (1) updates our initial testimony and
- 9 exhibit to reflect new information; and (2) rebuts the
- 10 testimony filed by Staff witness Kin Eng, which
- 11 effectively rejects the four emergency preparedness
- programs we propose, reduces the revenue requirement by
- 13 \$12,396,000, and would require the Company to file a
- 14 comprehensive plan by January 1, 2008 to address
- incremental costs that reflect implementation of the
- findings and recommendations of the on-going management
- 17 audit in this area.
- 18 Q. Can you briefly review those four proposed programs?
- 19 A. Yes. They are: the Electric Operations Emergency
- 20 Management ("EOEM") Organization program to expand the

21

ELECTRIC EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PANEL --UPDATE/REBUTTAL

ELECTRIC

1		organization and incorporate staff within each of the
2		operating regions; the Incident Command Center ("ICC")
3		program to design and develop dual-use space for both
4		the EOEM staff during routine days and the Incident
5		Command staff during emergency responses; the Coastal
6		Storm Mitigation ("CSM") program to replace non-
7		submersible 120/208 transformer vaults with submersible
8		transformer vaults and to add flood disconnect switches
9		to 265/460 and High Tension vaults that are in the
10		category 1 flood zone; and the Control Center Emergency
11		Screening ("CCES") program to provide additional
12		personnel in each Control Center to evaluate and
13		prioritize the increased volume of emergency calls
14		received.
15		UPDATE
16	Q.	Has the Panel updated its previous Exhibit?
17	Α.	Yes, Exhibit (EEPP-1) has been updated.
18		MARK FOR IDENTIFICATION AS EXHIBIT (EEPP-1 REV)
19	Q.	Please explain your updated exhibit.

because the number of flood switches needed has

A. The cost for the CSM program requires adjustment

ELECTRIC EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PANEL --UPDATE/REBUTTAL

ELECTRIC

1		increased and the number of non-submersible vault
2		locations has decreased. More specifically, upon
3		further evaluation of the Sea, Lake and Overland Surges
4		from Hurricanes ("SLOSH") model and the potentially
5		impacted equipment in storm surge inundation zone 1, we
6		have identified the 265/460 and high tension vaults
7		that should be equipped with flood (load disconnect)
8		switches. Accordingly, the number has increased to 291
9		flood switches. In addition, upon further evaluation
10		of the SLOSH model and the potentially impacted non-
11		submersible 120/208 vault locations, we identified 143
12		for replacement.
13	Q.	Why did these numbers change?
14	Α.	As we further refine our Corporate Coastal Storm Plan,
15		the SLOSH model, which identifies the delineation of
16		storm surges anticipated with each category storm, is
17		periodically reviewed against actual location
18		conditions. Accordingly, a recent review refined the
19		number of locations anticipated to be impacted by a
20		category 1 storm surge.
21	Q.	What is the result of these two changes?
22	Α.	The total proposed capital cost for this program was

reduced from \$7 million for 2008 to \$6.4 million.

Case No. 07-E-0523

ELECTRIC EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PANEL --UPDATE/REBUTTAL

ELECTRIC

- 1 Q. Did you also update the costs associated with the
- 2 Replacement Task Force program?
- 3 A. Yes. This update provides the labor and incidental
- 4 costs associated with hiring 13 people to support the
- 5 Replacement Task Force program. Our initial testimony
- 6 explained that staffing would be required to support
- 7 this program, that the required staffing was under
- 8 development, and that the staffing requirements would
- 9 be provided as part of the update testimony.

10 REBUTTAL

- 11 Q. Please comment on Mr. Eng's \$12,396,000 million
- 12 adjustment entirely eliminating the four emergency
- 13 response programs described in your initial testimony.
- 14 A. Mr. Eng does not oppose these programs on their merits.
- In fact, he recognizes the many benefits of these
- programs for customers. On page 3, lines 14-23 of his
- 17 testimony, Mr. Eng states "The programs address
- 18 equipment damage and timely recovery due to coastal
- 19 storm surges, and a better process for emergency calls
- 20 from customers. They are intended to improve the
- 21 Company's storm and heat event readiness, protect
- 22 equipment from coastal storm surges, better respond to

1		customer outages, facilitate effective restoration, and
2		improve on internal and external communications."
3		Nevertheless, Mr. Eng argues at page 8, lines 8-9, that
4		these programs should not be implemented because of
5		"the lack of an overall, comprehensive, emergency
6		planning structure." He states "While Staff recognizes
7		that there is coordination between these various
8		organizations, a clear structure for emergency
9		preparedness needs to be established before the Company
10		moves forward with these programs."
11	Q.	Do you agree that the concerns raised by Mr. Eng
12		regarding organizational structure provide a basis for
13		delaying implementation of these programs?
14	Α.	No, we do not, as we will explain later in our
15		testimony.
16	Q.	Do you agree with Mr. Eng's observations about Con
17		Edison's emergency response organizational structure?

- 18 A. No, we do not. Con Edison has a clear structure for
- 19 emergency preparedness as described in both corporate
- instructions and emergency response plans.
- 21 Q. Please explain.
- 22 A. I (Mr. Greenwood) am a Company vice president,
- responsible for a corporate organization called

Case No. 07-E-0523

ELECTRIC EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PANEL --UPDATE/REBUTTAL ELECTRIC

1		"Corporate Emergency Planning and Security." I (Mr.
2		Walker) am the Director of an organization within
3		Electric Operations called "Electric Operations
4		Emergency Management."
5	Q.	Please describe the responsibilities of Corporate
6		Emergency Planning and Security.
7	Α.	Corporate Emergency Planning and Security ("CEPS") is
8		responsible for establishing corporate policies and
9		developing corporate plans for emergencies that may
10		significantly impact the corporation as a whole.
11		Examples of CEPS' corporate emergency planning
12		activities are:
13		 Mandating the use of and supporting the Incident
14		Command Structure as the organizational
15		framework for the Company's response to any
16		emergency situation;
17		• Establishing and maintaining Con Edison's plan
18		for corporate continuity in the event of a major
19		catastrophe, including working with each
20		corporate organization to maintain its
21		individual disaster continuity plan;

6

7

ELECTRIC EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PANEL --UPDATE/REBUTTAL

1	 Coordinating with local, state, and federal
2	authorities regarding preparation for and
3	response during emergency events; and
4	Coordinating development of annual Corporat

- Coordinating development of annual Corporate
 Emergency Response Center drills, facilitating
 each exercise and tracking actions, when
 required, following a lessons learned debrief.
- Q. Please describe the responsibilities of ElectricOperations Emergency Management.
- 10 Α. Electric Operations Emergency Management ("EOEM") provides for efficiency and effectiveness in the 11 12 planning, preparation and response to electric system 13 emergencies and some standardization of the above in all the electric operating regions. EOEM is 14 15 responsible for developing electric emergency response 16 plans consistent with corporate policy (as set forth by 17 These emergencies include heat and storm 18 events. The plans that are developed by EOEM are only applicable to electric operations, whereas the plans 19 20 and policies set forth by CEPS are applicable to the entire corporation. The frequency of the electric 21 22 distribution events and the customer impact 23 necessitates the existence of electric operations'

ELECTRIC EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PANEL --UPDATE/REBUTTAL

ELECTRIC

1	specific plans and a dedicated organization to
2	coordinate and develop these plans. Con Edison's
3	electric emergency planning and response are guided by
4	three principles: 1) to reduce the probability of
5	emergency-related outages, 2) to minimize the duration
6	of such outages, and 3) to design and implement timely
7	and responsive communication strategies. Examples of
8	EOEM's emergency planning activities are:
9	• Continuing enhancement of the Comprehensive
10	Emergency Response Program ("CERP") designed to
11	provide a guideline for response to emergency
12	events consistent with the three guiding
13	principles;
14	• Ongoing interaction with response personnel to
15	standardize the emergency response that is
16	utilized throughout the four electric operating
17	regions;
18	Evaluating process improvement opportunities
19	that can be employed to enhance the Company's
20	emergency response; and
21	• Developing written processes and instructions to
22	assist emergency response personnel with

specific emergency duties.

- 1 Q. What do you understand to be the basis for Mr. Eng's
- 2 conclusion that there is a lack of an overall,
- 3 comprehensive, emergency planning structure?
- 4 A. Mr. Eng bases his conclusion on his understanding of
- 5 the Company's organizational and management structure
- 6 as it relates to emergency planning.
- 7 Q. Please explain the Company's organizational and
- 8 management structure as it relates to emergency
- 9 planning.
- 10 A. As explained above, CEPS has jurisdiction over the
- 11 entire corporation and therefore policies and
- 12 procedures set forth by CEPS are applicable to each
- organization within the Company. EOEM, however, only
- 14 has jurisdiction over electric operations. Therefore,
- plans set forth by EOEM need to be consistent with the
- 16 policies and procedures set forth by CEPS but are
- 17 applicable only to electric operations. For example,
- one corporate policy set forth by CEPS is that the
- 19 Company will utilize the Incident Command System when
- responding to emergencies. In that regard, Mr.
- 21 Greenwood's statement that he oversees the Company's
- response to incidents refers to his organization's role
- 23 in developing the policies that guide the

1	implementation of the Incident Command Structure for
2	all organizations. Additionally, Corporate Emergency
3	Planning and Security coordinates corporate training in
4	ICS and provides facilitators during emergency events
5	to assist corporate organizations in implementing ICS.
6	CEPS is a corporate organization that supports the
7	needs of electric, gas, steam, transmission,
8	substations as well as all the non-operating
9	organizations through the establishment of consistent
10	plans and policies for such matters as bird flu,
11	pandemic, and business continuity.
12	EOEM is part of electric operations. It focuses on
13	developing specific emergency response plans to address
14	the intricacies of the electric distribution system
15	using the plans and policies as set forth by CEPS. As
16	mentioned above, the frequency of storm-related events
17	necessitates the development of specific plans for
18	electric operations and a dedicated organization to
19	coordinate and develop these plans. EOEM also assists
20	Electric Operations with electric emergency disciplines
21	related to long-range planning, pre-event planning, and
22	event mobilization, and in electric emergency events,
23	response execution.

22

23

ELECTRIC EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PANEL --UPDATE/REBUTTAL

ELECTRIC

Q.	Is Mr. Eng correct at page 8, lines 18-22, when he
	states that Distribution Engineering ("DE") is
	responsible for the Company's Comprehensive Emergency
	Response Plan?
Α.	No. EOEM is responsible for and in fact prepares
	Electric Operations' CERP in compliance with Part 105
	of the Commission's rules applicable to electric
	utilities. DE happens to file the CERP with Staff
	because DE is the organization within Electric
	Operations that makes regulatory filings related to
	electric operations, e.g., the Annual Report on
	Electric Service and Power Quality. We regret Mr.
	Eng's misunderstanding on this point, but it provides
	no support for his position.
Q.	Are any of the four programs that Mr. Eng would
	eliminate from the Company's revenue requirement
	dependent on the structure of the Company's emergency
	planning and response organization?
Α.	No, they are not. As explained in our initial
	testimony and above, Con Edison's electric emergency
	A. A.

1) to reduce the probability of emergency-related

planning and response are guided by three principles:

outages, 2) to minimize the duration of such outages,

ELECTRIC EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PANEL --UPDATE/REBUTTAL

ELECTRIC

and 3) to design and implement timely and responsive

2		communication strategies. Assuming for purposes of
3		this argument that the Company's reporting structure in
4		this area could be further clarified as Mr. Eng
5		suggests, the Electric Emergency Preparedness program
6		changes are all designed to assist in achieving the
7		aforementioned guiding principles and need to be
8		implemented irrespective of any corporate reporting
9		issues. The increased staffing levels are needed to
10		meet substantive objectives whether or not the existing
11		corporate organizations are modified.
12	Q.	Please explain.
13	Α.	Our plans are designed to enhance our ability to
14		coordinate emergency assignments and training
15		requirements, to investigate and implement best
16		practices and technical enhancements, to respond to
17		emergencies and to assist the Incident Command General
18		Staff during such responses. We will also enhance
19		system-wide implementation of Electric Emergency plans
20		and overall response by providing dedicated personnel
21		in each operating region to work with Electric
22		Operations in preparation for and response to electric
23		system emergencies. The fundamental drivers for

1		emergency response in each of our regions are very
2		similar. Accordingly, each of the regions needs to
3		have adequate dedicated personnel who will focus on the
4		details of the plans. Standardization will also
5		facilitate implementing corporate objectives across the
6		regions seamlessly over time.
7	Q.	Please continue.
8	Α.	The renovation of existing space to provide both a more
9		efficient and effective Incident Command Area for
10		coordination of emergency response in the
11		Bronx/Westchester region and office space for emergency
12		management personnel is both an efficient use of space
13		and a benefit during the utilization of the Incident
14		Command System during emergency responses. The use of
15		the space facilitates the interaction of Command Staff
16		personnel.
17		Consistent with the Company's outlined strategies, the
18		additional personnel for the Control Center Emergency
19		Screening group are intended to improve communication
20		and minimize outage durations. This group would
21		improve communications through direct interaction with
22		customers to ascertain the root cause of trouble
23		tickets generated by customer calls and through

ELECTRIC

1 proactive feedback provided to customer service, who

2		would be better informed to interact with customers
3		calling regarding potential system conditions.
4		In addition to communicating directly with customers,
5		the control center screening group will assist the
6		control center in prioritizing and packaging field
7		work. This will permit the Company to enhance its
8		utilization of its resources for responding to real
9		events. The control center screening group can
10		proactively contact customers and prioritize
11		outstanding work, thereby allowing operators to focus
12		on the critical task of operating the system, thus
13		reducing overall customer restoration times.
14	Q.	Does Mr. Eng's concern about the organizational
15		structure for emergency preparedness have any bearing
16		on the propriety of our coastal storm mitigation
17		proposals?
18	A.	No, they do not. The coastal storm mitigation
19		proposals directly relate to physical infrastructure
20		installations that reduce the probability and minimize
21		the duration of emergency-related outages. Each
22		Electric Operating region has evaluated the need for
23		transformer vault replacements with flood-resistant

1		submersible transformers, and flood-disconnect switch
2		installations to reduce the number of customers
3		impacted and the duration of customer outages during a
4		coastal storm that results in significant storm surge.
5		These installations are needed regardless of the
6		structure of Con Edison's emergency response
7		organization.
8	Q.	Please summarize Mr. Eng's recommendations relating to
9		the pending management audit of the Company's emergency
10		preparedness.
11	Α.	Mr. Eng anticipates that the management audit findings
12		will impact the Company's Electric Emergency
13		Preparedness program proposals. He indicates that the
14		management audit is "scheduled to be finalized prior to
15		the end of 2007" and recommends the Company file "a
16		comprehensive plan to address incremental costs in
17		the emergency preparedness area" by January 1, 2008.
18	Q.	Do you agree with this recommendation?
19	Α.	In part. Con Edison agrees that it should further
20		develop its emergency preparedness business
21		strategy/structure to the extent that the audit
22		properly identifies areas for improvement. However, as
23		explained above, there is no basis for concluding that

1		the audit findings would indicate that any of the four			
2		programs that Mr. Eng seeks to eliminate from			
. 3		consideration in this proceeding would not be necessary			
4		or would require material revision. Nor does Mr. Eng			
5		offer any evidence to support his suggestion that any			
6		of these four specific programs will be addressed in			
7		the upcoming audit report.			
8		Moreover, depending on the release date of the audit,			
9		and a reasonable time needed for the Company to			
10		evaluate the audit's findings, January 1, 2008 may not			
11		be a reasonable target date to address the audit's			
12		findings. Also, there is no certainty as to when the			
13		Commission would act on any report filed by the Company			
14		in response to the audit's recommendations.			
15		For all of the foregoing reasons and the reasons			
16		provided in our direct testimony, the Commission should			
17		reject the Staff proposal to eliminate funding for			
18		these four emergency response programs. The programs			
19		are important and their implementation should not be			
20		delayed pending these future deliberations.			
21	Q.	Does this conclude your rebuttal and update testimony?			
22	Α.	Yes.			

Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc. Electric Emergency Preparedness Panel Capital 2008 -2010 and O&M RY1

Capital Funding (\$000s)

Incident Command Center (ICC) 2,000 2,000 0 4,000 Coastal Storm Mitigation 6,400 6,400 19,200 TOTAL 8,400 6,400 5,400 23,200	PROGRAM		2008	2009	2010	TOTAL
6,400 6,400 TOTAL 8,400 8,400 6,400	Incident Command Center (ICC)		2,000	2,000	0	4,000
8,400 8,400 6,400	Coastal Storm Mitigation	ļ	6,400	6,400	6,400	19,200
			8,400	8,400	6,400	23,200

O&M Funding (\$000s)

RY1	3,363	613
PROGRAM	Emergency Management Organization	Control Center Emergency Screening

3,976

TOTAL